

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVI.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1903.

NO. 28

PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

WHAT THEY ARE DOING--WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

ELGIN, ILL., March 9.—Butter firm, at 27½¢, no offerings; no sales. Last week, 27½¢; last year, 27¢. Output for the week, 508,400 lbs.

L. B. Grice was transacting business in Chicago Tuesday.

Ira Simons, of Chicago, visited friends here over Sunday.

Mullen's boys oil grained shoes \$1.40 at H. Hegeman's.

Geo. Blanchard, of Grayslake, was an Antioch caller Monday.

Chas. Webb was transacting business in the windy City Tuesday.

John Turner, of Chicago, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Turner.

Miss Hattie Schilke, of Lake Villa, spent Sunday with her parents and other Antioch friends.

Supervisor A. N. Tiffany is attending a meeting of Board of Supervisors at Waukegan this week.

Harry Smith and Lew Folbrich, of Channahon, were Chicago passengers Tuesday morning.

The Junior League will meet Sunday, March 15 at three o'clock with Miss Grace Delaney as leader.

Dr. T. Soc, of Waukegan, has sold his beautiful residence to Mr. Geo. A. Williams, of Chicago.

Will Pittman left on Tuesday evening for Chetek, Wis., where he expects to spend some time with his brother Frank.

Miss Gertrude Peck returned to her home in Evanston, on Saturday after spending a pleasant three weeks with her friend, Miss Libbie Webb.

For Sale—Pedigree Short Horn bulls at for sale. Colors red and roan. O. E. Allen, Bristol; P. O. Pleasant Prairie, Wis. 26w8

John Didama who has been at Withee, Wis., for some time arrived here last week and will probably remain during the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Dorran and Mrs. Lewis, of Chicago, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Langle over Sunday.

Wanted—Farm or country home for a client. Will exchange nice Evanston modern house, might add some cash. Peter H. Kies, 168 Randolph St., Chicago. 22if

N. S. Cannon has sold his farm of two hundred and thirty nine acres to the Brooke bank of Antioch. Consideration forty eight dollars per acre. Possession to be given March 1904.

Mrs. John Speers and children, formerly of Pontiac, Ill., are spending a few days with her brother, S. J. Straghn, on her way to Payton, Iowa, where Mr. Speers has purchased a home.

At the Sabin hall, at Antioch, on the evening of St. Patrick's day, March 17, there will be a ball to which all are invited. If you wish a good time and like good music be sure to attend.

The Antioch Cemetery society will meet at the Woodman hall, Wednesday, March 18 1903, supper will be served by Mrs. B. D. Emmons and Mrs. A. Simms. Every body come. Mrs. Nellie Morley Pres.

The Antioch correspondent of the Waukegan Sun, stated last week that there would probably be a double brick block erected by A. N. Tiffany & Co., and J. C. James, Sr., this spring. Now we understand there will be an addition to this taking in the ruins belonging to B. F. Van Patten thus making three store buildings. The coming summer will see more building than has previously occurred in Antioch in any one season. Let each and every one pull for Antioch first, last and all the time and we will soon have the Main street built up.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pitman, Jr., who have resided here nearly all their lives, severed the ties of friendship Tuesday, after filling a car with their household goods. They are leaving for Chetek, Wis., where about a year ago Mr. Pitman bought a farm. On Monday evening a reception was held at the Woodman Hall by the Woodmen and Royal Neighbors of which they have been active and honored members, expressions of regret at the loss of such worthy and active members were heard on all sides. Mr. and Mrs. Pitman will be missed very much not only by these societies, but by hosts of friends, who unite with the News in wishing them prosperity, good health and happiness in their future new home. Mr. Pitman left on Tuesday evening and Mrs. Pitman will follow as soon as their goods reach their future home.

Ladies line up to date water proof shoes now \$2.00 at H. Hegeman's.

Herbert Pierce, of Shields spent Sunday and Monday with his family here.

Chas. Kelly moved this week to the Rectory farm north of town, recently purchased by him.

Mr. and Mrs. John Porter have rented the house recently vacated by Frank Pitman, Jr., and will move there at once.

Write to Alden, Biding & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. Off

Frank Van Patten returned the latter part of last week from a ten days visit with his brother at Almena, Kansas. He was accompanied by his son Joe.

For Sale—One, two or three seventy foot lots on north shore of Fox Lake, Ill. Good shade, good shore. Apply to James R. Gilbert, 332 Fifth Ave., Chicago. 22w6

The committee having in charge the funds of the dance given for the benefit of Percy Dibble, report that after all bills having been paid they have a net balance of \$80.

A school teacher tell this little story: "Will some one in the class give me a better form of the sentence 'John can ride the mule if he wants to.' One urchin responded, 'John can ride the mule if the mule wants him to.'"

Thursday evening March 5 Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Hoyer and Mrs. Farrier entertained at their home. The spacious rooms were filled with joyful friends, about nine o'clock numbers were called and each sought out their table and progressive clinch was in full swing until eleven o'clock when delicious refreshments were served. Mrs. Artie Grice was the lucky one securing ladies first prize and Mr. G. Thayer captured gent's first, while Mrs. Will Smart and Mr. W. T. Hill carried off the consolation prizes with credit to themselves. At a late hour all departed for their several homes declaring them royal entertainers. Those present were Messrs and Mesdames, C. E. Kelly, Joseph Turner, Chas. Thorpe, Geo. Webb, Will Kelly, L. B. Grice, G. Thayer, W. T. Hill, Ellis Sabin, Ernest Simons, Will Williams, Jos. Filweber, J. B. Dales, Geo. Seymour, Will Smart, Eck Lewis, Krum Blunt, Mrs. Carrie Hook and Miss Alice Emmons. Regrets were received from Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Wedge, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Allen, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. H. Bock, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Tiffany, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sibley, Mr. and Mrs. H. Billett and Geo. Wallis.

Tax Notice.

The taxes for the township of Antioch are now due, and I will be at the following places to receive the same: L. W. Rowling's, Lake Villa, Tuesdays; Webb Bros., Antioch, Saturdays. L. M. HUONES, Collector.

Lake County Teachers' Association.

The Lake County Teachers' Association will meet at Grays Lake, Saturday, March 21, at 10:00 a. m. Every active rural and village teacher is expected to be present. Do not miss this meeting. F. N. GAGGIN, County Superintendent.

CHINAMEN IN THE STATES.

There is a Considerable Army of Almond-Eyed Celestials in America. It is estimated that there are about 100,000 Chinamen in the United States and that 20,000 of them are in San Francisco. There is a considerable Chinese colony in New York and there are small colonies in Philadelphia, Boston and Chicago. Though they do not belong to the educated classes, 95 per cent of them can read and write. A daily paper in the Chinese language is published in San Francisco and another in New York. Nearly all the Chinamen in the United States come from the single province of Kwong-Tung, the most populous of the eighteen provinces of the Chinese empire. Its capital is Canton. Six countries of this province send out most of the emigrants to the United States. The inhabitants of this province have for centuries been more adventurous and fond of traveling than the rest of their fellow countrymen and they are always ready to face danger if there is a good chance of profit. Leslie's Monthly.

Point of View.

Mrs. Nowrich (in art store)—What! A thousand dollars for that little picture?

Dealer—Yes, ma'am. You see, it's done in oil and genuine oil paintings are rather expensive.

Mrs. Nowrich—Yes, I suppose so. The oil-trust monopoly is certainly getting to be something terrific.

Last of Famous Statesmen.

Sir Charles Tupper, the noted Canadian statesman, now 84 years old, is now the sole survivor of the conferences of Canadian statesmen who welded the scattered British colonies of North America into a powerful and comprehensive dominion.

FOR CANAL AMENDMENTS

DEMOCRATS INSIST UPON ABSOLUTE OWNERSHIP

Senator Morgan Succeeds in Having Spooner Act Attached to Convention—Continues Attack.

A majority of the Democratic Senators had an informal conference Tuesday to discuss the canal treaty with a view to formulating a policy.

Senator Gorman expressed his views in favor of insisting on two amendments to the treaty, one providing for the absolute ownership of the territory through which the canal is constructed, instead of a perpetual lease, and the other eliminating section 4, in which the United States disavows any intention to increase its territory at the expense of Colombia or of any of the sister republics in Central or South America. Senator Gorman regards this as a guarantee which should not be made, and not material to the canal treaty.

The other Democrats who were present agreed with Mr. Gorman, and agreed to insist upon these two amendments. They disclaimed any intention of filibustering to defeat the treaty, but Senator Gorman wishes to make clear the Democratic position on this question, and he believes it will have the approval of the country.

The Republican leaders agree with the Democrats as to the desirability of these and other changes, but believe that it is almost fatal to the canal to insist on them. Columbia cannot grant absolute sovereignty over the territory to this government without first changing her constitution. That would mean years of delay, and the failure of this treaty, which could not be ratified at Bogota. The other amendment might be made, though the section is insisted upon by the Colombian republic as a safeguard to her sovereignty over the isthmus.

Senator Morgan secured the first material concession that has been made to him by the Senate in connection with the Panama canal treaty with Columbia. This consisted of an agreement to attach the Spooner canal act bodily to the treaty. This change was made in compliance with a request presented by Senator Lodge during the executive session of the Senate, after the necessity for it had been discussed by Mr. Morgan and other members of the Senate committee. It was specifically stipulated, however, that this concession did not amount to an amendment of the treaty.

Senator Morgan forwarded to each Senator copies of eight pamphlets prepared by himself on the canal question. They dealt with a number of subjects. In the second of his pamphlets Senator Morgan contends against the validity of the title of the new Panama company, declaring that the French courts had no power to dissolve the old Panama company, or to appoint a liquidator to hold and control the property of that company in Panama. Mr. Morgan asserts that the French courts overstepped their jurisdiction in the matter of the transfer of title. He also contends that the work done on the canal by the old company belongs to Colombia and that that government is justly bound for the debts of the company and hence that no title to the Panama Canal company can be given by any one but the Colombian congress.

Mr. Morgan said: "The people of Colombia did not believe that the United States would ever consent to pay this enormous rental, and give back to Colombia, at the end of ninety-nine years, the canal and railroad, without compensation. They were correct in that belief, for the United States will never expend \$14,000,000 in completing that canal, and \$40,000,000 for the privilege of doing the work, and \$10,000,000 for a concession from Colombia for 100 years, in all \$24,000,000, and give back the canal and railroad to Colombia at the end of the lease."

Annual Township Caucus.

Public notice is hereby given that the Annual Township Caucus of the town of Antioch, in the county of Lake and State of Illinois, will be held in the Village Hall in the Village of Antioch, county of Lake, State of Illinois, at one o'clock p. m. on Saturday, March 21, 1903, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates to be voted for at the Annual Town Meeting, as follows:

One Supervisor, One Town Clerk, One Assessor, One Collector, and one Commissioner of Highways, and for the transaction of any other business that may be properly brought before said caucus when convened. All legal voters of the town of Antioch are requested to attend.

Given under our hands this 3d day of March, A. D. 1903.

Geo. Webb,

W. J. White,

A. J. White,

Township Committee.

Stimulating Plant Growth.

By applying glucose or glycerine to their roots a French scientist declares that he has been able to stimulate the growth of plants.

WOMAN NOT SO FRAGILE.

Think of the 43,000 Pounds of Bread and Meat She Eats.

"A young man of my acquaintance visits me occasionally," said Dr. Cynicus, "who is very much in love, but who wears me excessively by his ravings over his sweetheart, her angelic qualities, et cetera. She is too fragile for this world, he thinks."

"Fragile?" says I. "How fragile? Ever test her fragility? Let me give you some figures about her, and you will find in general, showing the extent of her fragility."

"We will suppose this piece of perfection is in moderately good health. She will live to, say, 60 years of age. Women do not like, any more than men do, to die—not so much, for women never grow old, you know. Listen to me. She will eat one pound of beef mutton or some other meat every day. That's 365 pounds of flesh in a year. In sixty years it's 21,900 pounds. How's that for fragility?"

"She will eat as much bread and as much vegetables per diem, and there you have in 60 years 43,800 pounds of bread and meat."

"If she is not too angelic she will drink daily no less than two quarts of coffee, tea, wine or beer. And by the time she is really to have a monument she will have consumed 175 hogsheads of liquids. Fragile?"

"Now," says I to this young man, "these figures do not include the 40 or 50 pounds she will worry down with mint sauce. It does not take into consideration her ice cream, her oysters, her clams, and such. All this means about 45 tons."

"Fragile? Think of your affinity in connection with these figures and then rave over her being fragile. Young man, you're a fool. Bah!"—New York Times.

Useful Information.

Some books are made to amuse, others because they are useful and needed. In this class is a book which the publishers have just favored us with a copy of, and it is with much pleasure that we review it. The title is "Conklin's Peerless Manual of Useful Information and World's Atlas." It contains 513 pages, 93 of which are occupied by the clearest up-to-date maps printed in colors, that we have ever seen. This is the most useful book that has been our good fortune to possess, and we recommend all of our bills as a copy.

For the educated man, it is a reference for the unlearned as a storehouse of knowledge, for workers in all callings of life as a helpful companion. The book is equally useful in the home, the study, the office and the workshop.

The information which you would seek in a whole library is here in one volume. Boiled down, condensed, concentrated and made available for quick reference. Not one blank page. Not one useless sentence. Not one spare inch of waste paper.

The Peerless Manual is printed from clear type on an extra quality of Bible paper, made especially for the purpose, making it possible to present in one handy volume more printed surface than is usually contained in books ten times as bulky. It contains a million facts of great value to everyone and a fund of general information that cannot be obtained in any other form for many times the small price asked for it. It is handsomely bound in cloth covers, with red edges. The publishers, Geo. W. Ogilvie & Co., 118 Monroe St. Chicago, Ill., will send it to any of our readers on receipt of 25 cents. They are so confident of complete satisfaction that they offer to refund the 25 cents to any one who is dissatisfied on receipt of the book and returns it to them in good order.

A St. Patrick's Day Entertainment.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church will give an entertainment and social in the basement of the church on Tuesday evening, March 17. The following program will be given with appropriate selections:

Recitation Mrs. Karr.
Recitation Mrs. Mack.
Solo Mrs. Labdon.
Recitation Mrs. Pickers.
Solo Mrs. Williams.
Recitation Mrs. Olcott.
Recitation Mrs. McDougall.
Music Ladies Quartette.
Refreshments will be served price 10 cents. Mrs. Karr President.

"Copper" a Proper Term.

Bernard Shaw, a learned Londoner, insists that "copper" is a proper designation for policeman and much preferable to the term "tubby," now in common use in the world's metropolis. Copper, he says, is an excellent Saxon word, describing a man who pursues and captures.

First Artificer Honored.

The first artificer ever ennobled for his work was Henry de Vle, a converted Arab who built a gigantic clock for Charles V, king of France, in 1370. The clock weighed five hundredweight. De Vle also received a life pension of 100 crowns.

HUNG SELF IN GRANARY

BERNARD WERNER SUICIDES NEAR MILLBURN

Tells Friends to Come and Visit Him and They Find Him Hanging From Rafter.

After making sure that his neighbors would find him in good time Bernard Werner, a man 51 years old, went to the granary on the Harris farm, near Millburn, Saturday afternoon and hung himself to the rafters.

Before jumping from a box he had carefully tied the door shut with ropes. He was unmarried and lived alone on the place. His body was found by Henry Wedge a few hours after the act had been committed.

Shortly after noon Werner had gone to the Wedge farm and told Mr. Wedge to be sure and come down to his place after dinner, that he wanted to see him. Wedge thought it was a business matter and later in the day went to the farm. He did not find Werner and returned home. He mentioned the fact to his wife and they thought it over with the result that they returned to see if they could find him. They looked about the place with no success and were about to leave when Mr. Wedge happened to go to the granary. He pulled the door open and there found the body dangling from the roof.

Coroner Taylor held an inquest Saturday and the jury brought in a verdict that death was due to alcoholic poisoning, evidence having been produced which showed that he had been on a protracted spree. Werner had lived in that locality for about eight years.

HAD SEEN A BETTER MAN.

Barber Gives Good Reason for Changing His Vote.

When a prominent Tammany man returns from a trip to Europe he always boasts of an interview with Richard Croker, but no one has yet retailed to the reporters a story that Mr. Croker is very fond of telling.

According to this story, during a particularly hot contest for a seat in Parliament from a certain borough, the strength of the Liberal candidate was about equal to that of the Conservative.

"In most cases, and the place had been pretty well polled by an hour before closing time. Then the Liberal candidate discovered that the town barber had not voted. To the barber shop the Liberal went and was shaved. Politics was not mentioned until the customer was paying the barber, when the candidate said, as he handed out a five-pound note:

"There is not much time left for voting. Keep the change."

"It's a good man you are, the best I've seen this day," replied the barber. "I'll be over shortly."

Hardly had the Liberal candidate stepped out of the shop when the Conservative stepped in. He was shaved without reference to politics, and, in paying, proffered a ten-pound note, with the casual remark:

"The polls close soon. Never mind the change."

When the barber arrived at the town hall, he had just time to declare himself for the Conservative. The Liberal, who was standing beside him when he voted, hissed:

"Didn't you tell me not half an hour ago that I was a good man, the best you had seen this day?"

"I did," answered the barber, "but I've seen one twice as good since."

St. Louis Star.

Monument to a Living Man.

The greatest excitement prevails (says our Belfast correspondent) among the Nationalists of the City of Armagh by the news that Hugh Carberry, a man who was supposed to be dead, is still alive in Pretoria. Carberry, who is a native of Armagh, was one of the small band of Irishmen who fought against their country during the late Boer war. He was attached to the First Transvaal Irish Brigade, better known as Col. McBride's Brigade, and it was reported that he had been killed at the battle of Modder-spruit, on Oct. 30, 1899. When the news of the supposed death reached Armagh the Nationalists resolved to erect a monument to his memory, and for this purpose the sum of £125 was collected. The monument was duly placed in the Catholic cemetery on a commanding site, and in June of last year it was unveiled by Mr. Michael Davitt. Rumors have lately been rife that Carberry was alive, but the matter has now been placed beyond doubt by the receipt of letters from two Armagh men now residing in the Transvaal who saw him in Pretoria at the beginning of December last.—London Telegraph.

Eligible for Membership.

Senator Elect Ankeny of Washington is president of six different national banks and the richest capitalist in the state. He is therefore supposed to be qualified for membership in the national "millionaires' club."

RELIC OF JOHN BROWN

Chicago Colored Man Owns Part of Rope Which Hanged Him.

One of the interesting curios on view at the late Middle States and Mississippi Valley Negro Exposition at the First Regiment armory, was owned by Henry Washington of 591 West Lake street. It is a piece of the rope with which John Brown's existence was ended at Harper's Ferry. Washington vouches for the authenticity of this reminder of the martyr, whose spirit "goes marching on." He bases his credence on the following circumstances, as related by him:

His mother, Harriet Duckett, a free woman, was married to a slave owned by Edward Stonebreaker of Pleasant Valley, Md. Because of the difference in the social condition of the two she was compelled to live apart from him at Harper's Ferry. When John Brown made his appearance at that place his arrival was known only to a few free colored people thereabouts. Notable among these was Harriet Duckett. On the day that Brown became a martyr to the cause which he believed to be right throngs of curious people came to view his execution. After the hanging the rope was cut and the pieces distributed among the owners of the near by plantations as souvenirs. Among those who secured a piece of the rope was the master of Henry Washington's father. When freedom finally came to the slaves this black man found himself in possession of this historic relic, which at his death he left to his son.—Chicago Record-Herald.

For Collector.

At the earnest solicitation of my many friends, and on account of continued sickness, I have been induced to become a candidate for selection for the office of Collector for Antioch township at the coming caucus. Respectfully, L. M. HUONES.

For Collector.

At the earnest request of my many friends and on account of having lost my foot, I have been induced to become a candidate for the office of collector for Antioch township at the coming season. Yours Respectfully, PERCYAL DIDDLE.

Antioch Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the estate of August Hanks, deceased, who was the county clerk of Lake County, and who died on the first Monday of May next, 1902, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.

ANNA HANKE, Executrix.
Waukegan, Feb. 9, 1903. 25w3

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a certain lien now on file in the office of the Circuit Court for feed and labor bestowed at the request of the owner, Alfred E. Case, by Frank W. Smith, against a certain Black Colt known as Sunday, described as follows: Four years old, 15 hands and 2 inches high, weight 900 pounds, jet black except two white hind feet.

Public notice is hereby given that I will expose the above described colt for sale at public vendue as by law in such case made and provided, on the 4th day of April A. D. 1903, in front of Simons & Sabin's hotel barn, in the village of Antioch, Ill. in Lake county and State of Illinois.

Dated this 11th day of March A. D. 1903.
F. W. SMITH. 25w3

(Official Publication.)

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The State Bank of Antioch

at Antioch, State of Illinois, before the commencement of business on the 21 day of March, 1903, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, for the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and Discounts.....	\$	75	\$ 75
Banking House.....		4,775	
Furniture and Fixtures.....		1,678 69	6,448 69
Due from National Banks.....		19,589 81	19,589 81
Collections in Transit.....		126 17	126 17
Expenses.....			109 06
Cash on hand.....			
a. Gold coin.....		450	
c. Currency.....		5,140	
d. Fractional Currency, nickels and cents.....		27 79	5,617 79
Total.....			\$ 31,966 63
LIABILITIES.			
Capital Stock paid in.....	\$	25,000	\$ 25,000
Demand Deposits, Individual.....		2,294 51	
Demand Deposits, certificates.....		4,642 08	6,936 59
Interest.....			29 93
Total.....			\$ 31,966 63
State of Illinois, County of Lake, ss: I, W. Ziegler, Cashier of The State Bank of Antioch, solemnly swear that the above statement is to the best of my knowledge and belief.			
W. F. ZIEGLER, Cashier.			
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of March, 1903.			
D. A. WILSON, Notary Public in and for the County of Lake, State of Illinois.			

LOCAL MARKET REPARIS or

Oats.....races, this
Corn—70 lbs. ear.....as the
Hus.....as the
MILL FEES Paid by Eng-
Brun.....
Middlings.....
Gluten.....Aeronauts.
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs., ice company has
Chicken Feed Wheat, icles to aeronauts,
securing a payment
Hogs—Live weight of death and 45 a
Hogs—Dressed.....in the event of dis-
Turkeys.....
Ducks.....in of Mortgages.
Geese.....75 per cent of mortgages.
Chickens.....by the census, are made in
increase the original holding
erty or to raise money for
operations, and but 5 per
are before of threatened dis-

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

WEEK'S NEWS RECORD

Navigation has been opened at Chicago by the arrival of the steamer Edward Buckley with salt from Manila. There is less ice in Lake Michigan than for many years, and it seems likely the straits will open as early as they did last year, which was on April 1.

The President has offered Robert Bacon, formerly of J. P. Morgan & Co., the office of Assistant United States Treasurer at New York to succeed the late Conrad N. Jordan. Mr. Bacon retired from the Morgan firm the first of the year because of ill health.

The German navy department makes a mystery out of some portions of its budget requirements. The government is asking for lump sums for the fleet and will not specify the ships or stations on which the money is to be spent. Admiral von Tirpitz admits the increased expenses are for vessels on foreign service.

Elder Ulrich Smith, who stood next to Prophetess Ellen G. White, the seer of the Seventh Day Adventists, as the most influential person in that denomination, and for half a century editor of its official organ, the "Adventist Review," and head of the great denominational publishing house, dropped dead at Battle Creek, Michigan.

As a result of the strike of motormen and conductors of the Connecticut Railway and Lighting Company at Waterbury, Conn., Policeman Paul Mandelssohn was murdered on a car he was guarding; John W. Chambers, a non-union motorman, was brutally beaten, and his conductor, George Weberndorfer, was pounded almost into insensibility.

Sobbing bitterly, fearful of what they might do to him, 8-year-old Buddie Ryals, near Evergreen, Fla., confessed to special agents of the Seaboard Air Line that he had turned the switch and thrown the company's limited, crowded with Northern tourists, from the track, killing the engineer and the porter and severely injuring a dozen others. Buddie is too young to prosecute.

Two customs officers carrying a sack containing \$25,000 to the banks were attacked at Johannesburg, South Africa, by robbers. Two men threw pepper in the eyes of the officers, seized the money sack and threw it to a horseman, who galloped off with it. The horseman ran down and killed a bystander. Subsequently the horse bolted and unsaddled its rider, who was then arrested and the money recovered.

While the Alaska law probably was satisfied in the hanging of Homer Bird at Sitka, his devoted wife and little daughter, Bernie, and three other children sat in their cottage in New Orleans praying that some unforeseen power might save the man's life. Mrs. Bird, who has traveled the continent over and worked and prayed for five long years that her husband might be spared, is prostrated with grief.

Katherine Anderson, the actress, recovered from a slight attack of pneumonia at Little Rock, Ark.

Earl Shaw and Leo Sheinberger were killed at the Warren mine, near Joplin, Mo., by a bowlder weighing a ton.

Twenty-two persons were killed and over fifty injured by burning oil thrown from exploding tanks in a freight wreck at Olean, N. Y.

Dr. Daniel O. Gilman, for many years president of Johns Hopkins University, has been elected president of the American Bible Society.

Coffee planters who have just arrived at San Francisco from Guatemala state that the war preparations in the country are still going on.

Earthquake shocks have been felt for two days in the district of Volgodard, Saxony, and in the Erzgebirge (Ore) Mountains. The shocks were violent.

The bill prohibiting the sale of cigarettes and cigarette paper to children under 18 years of age passed the Missouri Senate. The House had previously passed the bill.

The new United States monitor Nevada has been placed in commission at the navy yard at Portsmouth, N. H. Commander T. B. Howard took charge of the new ship.

The British navy estimates for 1903-04 call for an expenditure of \$170,184,205, an increase of \$19,010,000. The maintenance estimates call for 127,100 officers and men.

In St. Louis between 8,000 and 4,000 union men of the Allied Brickmakers' Trades struck to enforce demands for a recognition of their union, for an eight-hour day and a 6 per cent increase in wages.

The epidemic of grip, which began in St. Louis three weeks ago, has spread with alarming rapidity until to-day the number of cases there is estimated by conservative physicians at from 12,000 to 15,000.

Officials of the Union Pacific Railroad and the joint committee of conductors at Omaha reached an agreement at Omaha by which the salaries of 1,500 employees of the road are increased from 12 to 15 per cent.

William Ross was executed at Bottineau, N. D., for the murder of Thomas Walsh on July 5, 1902. Ross expressed sorrow for his crime. He was asked who killed Napoleon Le Moy, and answered that it was Carl Hanson.

The eighth Montana Legislature came to an end without making an appropriation to provide a Montana exhibit at the St. Louis exposition in 1904, the conference of the Senate and House on the fair bill failing to reach an agreement.

Marie Greenwood Guiberson, a vocalist of national reputation, entered suit for divorce against her husband, Will Parker Guiberson, at Memphis. She charges he cruelly beat her at Des Moines and wrote false charges against her to her father, reflecting upon her character.

By giving to Yale's library an exceptional collection of Russian and Slavic literature, the late J. Sumner Smith, Yale, 1863, so impoverished his fortunes that his graduates have taken steps to raise money for the aid of his widow.

EASTERN.

Nineteen men are dead as a result of the capsizing of the ferryboat used by workmen at Spier Falls, on the Hudson River.

Dr. William H. Hale of Jackson, Mich., charged with forgery in the second degree, has been held for the grand jury at Rochester, N. Y.

E. C. Swift, the packer, is the subject of contempt proceedings at Springfield, Mass., because he was six hours late in appearing in court as a witness.

The four-story tobacco warehouse and factory of M. Abenheim & Co., of New York, located at Farmville, Va., was destroyed by fire, causing damage of \$50,000.

Herbert Drim, 35 years of age, paying cashier of the National Exchange Bank, committed suicide at Lockport, N. Y., by hanging himself from a beam. No cause for the suicide is known.

Lieutenant Nierschel and Captain Whitman, of the Buffalo fire department, were hurt, the former probably fatally, during a fire in the Dorrer Building, which caused a loss of \$50,000.

Alonso Clark and Elizabeth Austin, 10, were married six weeks. They are now in jail at Oswego, N. Y., charged with burglary and larceny. Mrs. Clark says her husband forced her to assist him in robbing a store at Hastings Center.

Rev. C. M. Winchester, a clergyman of Middletown, N. Y., has prepared a table in demonstration of his declaration that a minister can live substantially on \$12 a month if he lives alone, with some money left every month to give to the church.

Ernest Mathews, who was arrested some time ago by detectives, assisted by postoffice inspectors, on the charge of running a turf bureau at New York, was discharged by Commissioner Shields on the ground that there was no evidence against him.

Ellen Vail, aged 55 years, and Elizabeth Vail, aged 22 years, were killed in a fire in East Seventeenth street, New York. The older woman was suffocated and the younger jumped from the fourth floor. The property loss by the fire was small.

At Watertown, N. Y., fire destroyed the Otis House, one of the largest hotels in the city, and ruined numerous stores in the block. The hotel was crowded with guests and many narrow escapes were reported. The total loss is estimated at \$200,000.

Hugh Dixon, aged 70 years, committed suicide at Pittsburg by jumping from the Forward avenue bridge to the ground below, a distance of 135 feet. Nearly every bone in his body was broken. Ill health and the recent death of his wife caused the deed.

Trustees of Barnard College, New York, announced that a gift of \$10,000 had been made to the college by a person whose name President Butler and Treasurer Phipps suppressed. The money is to be used for the purchase of land adjoining the college.

President Newman of the New York Central Railway has given permission to the De Forest Wireless Telegraph Company to equip the Twentieth Century Limited train with wireless apparatus and the experiment will continue for two months, beginning April 1.

The question of the State of Maine of the prohibition law passed more than fifty years ago was before the House of the Legislature the other day and a bill providing for recommitment was rejected. The vote was 40 in favor of 94 opposed.

The Olive Store Company's plant, a large two-story brick structure at Rochester, Pa., was demolished by an explosion of gas, caused by a leak in the mains. Hermann Goedeke, Sr., an employee, was fatally burned. The loss on building and stock was \$50,000.

The ferryboat Neptune plying between Allegheny and the West End, was sunk in the Ohio River near the foot of Charles street, Pittsburg, by the steamer Margaret. The Neptune is a total loss, and the crew and passengers had to swim to the Allegheny side in order to save their lives.

Members of the Finnish Relief Society in New York have just received some of the "bread" which is almost the only food that can be obtained by their starving countrymen at home. It is made of the bark of pine trees and looks like brown sandstone. It lasts for years in a palatable condition.

Miss Ella Lyde, aged 22, a telephone operator, was suffocated in Pittsburg in a street car during the rush hours between 5 and 7 o'clock. She was forced to stand because of the crush and, after riding seven or eight blocks, fainted. After being carried into a nearby store she expired in a few moments.

Word has been received in Boston that William Miller, a Boston missionary who went to Russian Poland some months ago to work among the poorer classes in an effort to educate them, has been arrested by the police and exiled to Siberia. The Russian government makes it a crime to educate or attempt to educate the Poles.

Roy Kantner, aged 10, plunged 500 feet down an embankment at Tamqua, Pa., and lives. He is in a serious condition, but it is confidently believed he will recover. Kantner was on his way home from work at Dunkelberger colliery. The intense cold caused him to run. He missed his footing and over he went down the steep and icy hillside.

The body of a woman who apparently had been dead for several days was found in a furnished rooming house in West Thirty-seventh street, New York. She came to the house a few days ago, accompanied by a man, who said that they had come from Chicago and desired to remain in the house for a few days. The woman's name is believed to have been Nellie Fletcher.

The Union County, New Jersey, grand jury, which has been conducting an inquiry into the wreck on the Central Railway of New Jersey near Westfield Jan. 27, finds that Engineer Davis, of the Reading train, which crashed into the Eastern local express, was primarily responsible for the wreck, having passed signals set against him, but that a leaky injector had enveloped his cab with steam, obscuring his view.

WESTERN.

Mayor Julius Fleischmann, of Cincinnati, was renominated by the Republicans.

It is estimated that over 3,000 head of cattle perished in Kansas during the recent storm.

Thomas Toomey, of Chicago, had his

right leg amputated at the knee in a trolley car collision near Plaqu, Ohio.

J. B. Floyd, a prominent citizen of Canadian County, Oklahoma, was shot and killed by his stepson, E. O. Tutnam, during a family quarrel.

The Montana House passed a bill requiring that newspapers shall once a month print a statement of ownership and that editors shall be signed.

A \$3,000,000 hotel is being planned by New York capitalists on the McCormick property, now occupied by the Victoria Hotel on Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Alfred Knapp, in explaining his confession, said his sister betrayed him, and he determined to tell the story in order to make the family disgrace complete.

General Harrison Gray Otis was attacked in a theater box in Los Angeles, Cal., by a rival editor, about whose approaching marriage he had printed an offensive article.

John Simonson of Duluth is said to have a taste for pulling teeth, and is accused of having knocked down a number of people and extracted their molars against their will.

Attorneys for Mrs. Lena Lillie, convicted of murder in the first degree at David City, Neb., for the killing of her husband last October, have filed a motion for a new trial.

Thousands of cattle dead and dying in the snow on the plains can be seen from every railroad throughout the Colorado range country. The storms wrought havoc among the herds.

At Brainerd, Minn., Judge McClenahan granted a stay of forty days to Ole G. Nelson, the condemned murderer who was to have been executed at Aitkin for the murder of his daughter.

At Fairhaven, Wash., fire on the water front destroyed the Marchion saw mill and the Hill-Webb wharf, together with two Northern Pacific passenger coaches. The loss is \$130,000; insurance one-half.

By a sheriff's attachment to enforce the collection of an account by the Western Montana National Bank the wholesale and retail grocery establishment of Pulliam Brothers at Missoula, Mont., has been closed.

The Arkansas Senate passed a House bill requiring street car companies in cities of the first class to operate separate cars for white and colored people in order to separate such passengers in cars operated for both.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of W. C. Munsell, formerly chief clerk of the tax department of the Colorado State auditor's office, on the charge of having absconded with about \$7,000 of the State's money.

Chaplain Henry C. Garvit, U. S. A., has been exonerated by court martial at Denver from the charge of not paying his debts, which was brought against him by a Chicago firm. Gen. Funston approved the findings.

Al Wade was sentenced at Toledo, O., to be electrocuted on June 27 at Columbus, for the murder of Kate Sullivan two years ago. This is the first capital punishment to be inflicted for a crime in Lucas County since 1856.

United States Marshal Dorsey took possession of \$240,000 in cash and the offices and furniture of the John J. Ryan & Co. Trust Investment Company in St. Louis and will hold the entire amount for distribution among the creditors.

Students of the University of the Pacific at the University of the Pacific Institute for the treatment of hydrophobia. It is expected that everything will be ready for receiving patients by April 1.

Worship over domestic violence drove Mrs. Oscar Nobel insane at Madison, Wis., and she tied the hands of her three children and forced laudanum down their throats. A neighbor discovered what had happened and the children were saved.

Four of ten patients at the hospital for the insane at Fulton, Mo., escaped while on the way to breakfast. Benjamin Richardson, serving a sentence of ninety-nine years for murder, cut the wristlets of the ten who tried to overpower the guards.

Resolution for appointment of ten delegates to the national conference on the negro question was introduced in the Wisconsin Legislature by Senator Hinton. Transmittal of resolution to other States is urged. Atlanta, Ga., is named as the meeting place.

An autopsy held on the body of Horace H. Hagan, a widely known politician and banker who died suddenly at Guthrie, Okla., supposedly from heart disease, indicates opium poisoning. It is stated that Mr. Hagan took an overdose of the drug to ally, pa.

Edward Knappman, the Chicago boy, made a statement to the Detroit police that he shot Agnes Mooney two weeks ago, while he was under the influence of liquor, and then tried to kill himself. Knappman shot himself through the breast, but the wound is healing rapidly, and a charge of murder will be lodged against him if he recovers.

The Golden State Limited, of the Rock Island Railroad, running over the Union Pacific tracks, crashed into the smoker of another passenger train which was trying to make a siding at the Rock Island junction, just outside of the Kansas City yards. The smoker was thrown from the track, turned over and smashed into kindling wood and seventeen passengers sustained injuries.

Three thousand people, most of whom were returning from church, witnessed a fire in the heart of the business section of La Crosse, Wis., in which three men nearly lost their lives and which entails damage upward of \$50,000. For a time the entire business portion of La Crosse was threatened with destruction. The fire originated in the upper portion of the Rodoff Building, and the big plant of the La Crosse Engraving Company, containing thousands of dollars' worth of machinery, and the stock of Sturman & Hulberg, clothiers, was totally destroyed. The Loeffler Tailoring Company, adjoining, also sustained a loss of 50 per cent on stock. The building is a total loss.

SOUTHERN.

John D. Rockefeller has given \$20,000 to a negro college at Marshalltown, Texas.

The plant of the Lord Sugar and Molasses Company, near Alexander, La., was burned. The loss is \$65,000, insurance \$40,000.

A negro entered the home of a white man at Cordova, Ala., before daylight, presumably for the purpose of robbery. A fight ensued, in which the negro killed the master of the house, his wife and child.

James H. Blount, for twenty years a

member of Congress from Georgia and later paramount commissioner to Hawaii, died at Macon, Ga.

The total of cattle losses due to the recent blizzard in Texas are now estimated at \$200,000. The storm raged continuously eight days.

Six persons were burned to death and one was fatally injured as the result of a fire in a small hotel at Letten, a mining town near Elkins, W. Va.

The steamer Delta, of the Memphis and Vicksburg Packet Company, struck a hidden obstruction near Marysville, forty miles north of Vicksburg, Miss., and sank in shallow water. No lives were lost.

The Virginia Senate has passed a bill forbidding Christian Scientists to practice healing of the sick in that State and charging therefore unless they have been duly examined and licensed by the State Board of Medical Examiners.

Allan Melton, a farmer near Henderson, Ky., who had fatally wounded his step-daughter and shot Mrs. John Culver, committed suicide in his barn when he found the building surrounded by bloodhounds sent in pursuit of him.

Thirty Italians fought four foremen and a constable near Burning Springs, W. Va., on the line of the extension of the Little Kanawha Railway. Axes, clubs and revolvers were used, and many were maimed in the battle. The men recently came from Chicago.

Huntington, Central City, Kenova and Ceredo, W. Va., and Ashland and Gettysburg, Ky., are experiencing a gas famine, resulting from a break in the chief main leading from fields in Kentucky. Many factories have been closed and there is much suffering.

The formal opening of the Swift and Armour packing house plants took place at Fort Worth, Tex. Five thousand visitors went through the plants. Both were in operation for their benefit, and several hundred head of cattle and hogs were slaughtered and passed into refrigerators.

The old Lincoln homestead near Haverhill, Ky., the residence of Abraham Lincoln, will probably be sold under the hammer within a few weeks. Several years ago the old log cabin in which Lincoln was born was taken to the Buffalo exposition. A large flag pole is the only remaining thing marking the birthplace of the martyr.

The burning of a stable adjoining the storage tanks of the Standard Oil Company at Greenville, N. C., caused several tanks, one of which contained 7,000 gallons of gasoline, to explode. Houses were wrecked and great damage done not only to the residence and business houses of the town, but also to the large factory of the Imperial Tobacco Company.

FOREIGN.

In an address at Vienna Prof. Lorenz said that American women are intellectual, but cannot cook.

Reports from China show that the rebels in the northern districts are gaining in strength and that foreigners are openly threatened.

Mail advices from Hongkong state that the native who told of the plot against Canton has been murdered and that his body has been horribly mutilated.

Leung Kai Chew, lieutenant of Kang Yu Wei, leader of the rebel forces in South China, is in America for the purpose, it is said, of raising funds and arms for the insurrectionists.

Antoine De Jon and Jules Le Doux, said to be stewards on the French line steamer La Savole, were arrested and held in \$2,500 bail each on charges of smuggling embroidery and fancy articles from France to New York.

A collision has taken place between Macedonian and revolutionary forces under the famous leader Boris Saroff and a body of Turkish troops near the village of Vladinir. It is reported that ten of the insurgents were killed, while the loss on the Turkish side was much greater.

Ladrones captured the town of Ous, in the province of Albay, Philippines. They at first alarmed the municipal police and then surprised the constabulary garrison. A few of the constabulary obtained rifles and resisted stoutly, but they were finally overcome. Two of the constabulary were killed and fifteen were captured.

IN GENERAL.

Extension of the option on the Panama canal is the end which Attorney General Knox has secured after considerable diplomatic negotiation.

German sailors are charged by Venezuelans with placing a bomb in the bunkers of the Restaurador when the vessel was returned to the native sailors.

The special Senate session of the Fifty-eighth Congress met at noon Thursday. Thirty Senators were sworn in for six-year terms, including seventeen who were re-elected.

Fred J. Congdon, crown prosecutor in Dawson, has been appointed commissioner of the Yukon to succeed J. H. Ross, who was elected to represent the Yukon in the Dominion Parliament.

The ministry for war is negotiating with a German firm for a large supply of smokeless powder. A number of reservists belonging to the Third Army Corps have been ordered to join their regiments.

William R. Merriam, who has resigned, will leave the census office May 15. His successor as director will probably be ex-Congressman David H. Mercer, of Nebraska. Mr. Merriam will enter commercial life in New York City.

Indignant because his flagship, the Illinois, one of the most modern war vessels in the world, was taken away from him, and the ten-year-old cruiser, the Chicago, given him instead, Rear Admiral Arent Schuyler Crowninshield has asked to be placed on the retired list of the navy.

Bitter war of national scope between labor and capital, directly involving the livelihood of from 300,000 to 400,000 families, now seems certain to begin on May 1. Iron manufacturers on the one side and their employees on the other are carefully laying their plans for the titanic struggle.

John Week, a young American, was murdered at the works of the Guanoa Power Company near Zamora, Mexico. The details are not known. Week was the son of A. R. Week, a banker and wealthy lumber dealer at Stevens Point, Wis. He had just graduated from Armour Institute and had been named by Senator Spooner for a cadetship in the Annapolis Naval Academy.

CONGRESS

How Congressional Budgets Grow.

The following table shows the appropriations of Congress since the first billion-dollar session:

61st Congress	\$1,035,080,100
62d Congress	1,027,104,547
63d Congress	800,885,001
64th Congress	1,044,580,273
65th Congress	1,608,212,837
66th Congress	1,440,062,546
67th Congress	1,554,108,510

At 11 a. m. Tuesday the Senate entered upon the last legislative day of the Fifty-seventh Congress. A resolution was adopted continuing until the next regular session the standing and select committees. The conference report on the sundry civil bill was agreed to. The conference report on the bill to protect the President was presented, but not acted upon. A motion to take up the pure food bill was defeated, 28 to 32. Mr. Quay asked unanimous consent for a vote on the omnibus statehood bill, the pure food bill and the conference report on the bill to protect the President, but objection was made. After debate by Messrs. Foraker, Lodge, Taylor and Elkins on the responsibility for the filibuster and the need of closure in the Senate it was agreed that the Philippine tariff bill be taken up, displacing the Aldrich bill. Mr. Patterson opposed the bill and Messrs. Bacon, Lodge and Foraker supported it. The conference report on the omnibus public building bill was agreed to after Mr. Warren had criticized the Senate conference for yielding on certain items. A joint resolution was agreed to transferring all the authority and jurisdiction conferred on the Secretary of the Treasury by the Immigration bill to the Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor. Messrs. Carmack and McEnery spoke in opposition to the Philippine bill. The amendment increasing the duty on sugar and tobacco from 25 to 50 per cent of the Dingley rate was agreed to on a yeas and nays vote, 20 to 10. The conference report on the naval and general deficiency bills were presented and agreed to. When the House convened at 11 a. m. Mr. Richardson sought to make the point of no quorum, but the Speaker overruled him and recognized Mr. Payne to demand the yeas and nays on the pending question coming over from Monday night—the adoption of the conference report on the immigration bill. The Speaker declined to entertain an appeal. The report was adopted 197 to 17. The conference report on the sundry civil bill was presented and adopted, 211 to 11. The conference report on the omnibus bill was adopted, 202 to 11, without debate. The conference report on the bill to reduce the population requirements for "reserve" cities for bank deposits from 50,000 to 25,000 was presented, and after a recess of 7 o'clock until 10 o'clock, was adopted. A bill intended to give former soldiers and sailors preference for appointments and retention in the civil service was passed, 148 to 57.

The Fifty-seventh Congress adjourned at noon Wednesday, its term having expired by limitation. With decks clear of all supply bills, the appropriation measures for the several branches of the general service for the coming fiscal year having been disposed of, the House at 4:10 Thursday morning took a recess until 10 o'clock. Bills granting all Mexican war soldiers a pension of \$12 a month, and allowing country banks to secure currency on bond deposits were passed. The conference report on the naval bill, agreed to by the Senate, was adopted. The House won a victory over the Senate in the measure as finally passed. It provides for three battleships of 10,000 tons each, as desired by the Senate. The conference report on the general deficiency bill was agreed to. The Senate at 1:52 a. m. took a recess until 10 a. m. Mr. Quay at the last moment withdrew his statehood amendment, offering a Senate rider to the Philippine tariff bill which had been under consideration for the greater part of the evening. The House was declared adjourned sine die at 12:03 by the clerk amid the singing of patriotic songs and the playing of the Star-Spangled Banner.

The Fifty-seventh Congress appropriated more than \$1,500,000,000. Senator Allison made a brief statement in the Senate. He said that a total of \$1,554,108,510 had been spent by this Congress. Of this sum \$800,024,490 was expended or authorized to be expended during the first session, while \$753,484,019 is the total of the appropriation bills passed at the session which ended Wednesday.

The Fifty-seventh Congress exceeded the appropriation of the Fifty-sixth Congress approximately \$118,000,000. Mr. Allison explained the reasons for the large increase. He said the river and harbor bills, the isthmian canal bill, the increased postoffice appropriations, the public building bills and other appropriations of such a character raised the aggregate to the immense total given above. In the House Mr. Cannon made a similar statement.

In the National Capital. Senate passed the bill appropriating \$50,000 for a statue of Count Pulaski.

Brig. Gen. John V. Furey, recently promoted from colonel in the quartermaster's department, was retired the other day.

The Navy Department has prepared a plan for uniform naval increases, calling for building of seventy-two first-class fighting vessels in next twelve years.

It is understood in naval circles that Commander Benton Schroeder will succeed Captain C. D. Sigbee as chief of the bureau of naval intelligence. Commander Schroeder is now returning from the island of Guam, where he has served since 1900 as its naval governor.

Consul General Gowdy, Paris, will investigate the charges that the valuable furs of Mrs. Charles Fair were changed after her death for inferior ones.

Senator Fairbanks' amendment appropriating \$25,000 to experiment in telephoning important mail communications to farmers was killed in the Senate.

Senator Tillman's speech on negro question recognized as strong argument; opening "door of hope" to blacks declared to mean shutting it for Southern whites; ratio of illegitimate births among negroes in District of Columbia now 20 per cent of total.

LIVE CLOSE TO VOLCANO.

Turbulent and Warlike People Belonging to Independent Java. Under the frowning brow of the most active of volcanoes of eastern Java, on a fertile but inaccessible plateau, there flourishes to this day the independent Sultanate of Solo. Although the Dutch have been in possession of this large and fruitful island of the Moluccas for over 200 years, many unsuccessful attempts at conquest have taught them to deal leniently and generously with some of the turbulent and warlike mountain people, leaving them their own laws, laws and customs, merely insulating that the peace be kept.

It is only natural, with their peculiar, fearless and bloodthirsty characteristics, that they should pick out the fiercest depredator and wild beast of their country for their sport. For this contingency, therefore, the animal is caught as a cub or trapped when grown, and kept in captivity till the "hari bessa" or festival of "rambakan matjan," or tiger-baiting, arrives.

From far and wide the people flock to the capital on this occasion. Armed with businesslike spears, the young men form a vast ring on a clearing, where a stand for the animal has been erected, and the tigers and leopards, confined in collapsible cages, are hauled into the middle of the armed array. One by one the cages are flung open, and the wild beast, maddened by hunger, generally charges at once, and after a risky scuffle of more or less fierceness, is caught upon and transfixed by many sharp lances.

If the brute balks there are arrows and sling shots and other incantations to fury, and it sometimes happens that an animal, black panther being the most agile, clears the ring and lands with claws and fangs among the spectators.

Should a particularly ferocious bull be within ken and obtainable anywhere, the sport is diversified by pitting bull against tiger. Strange to say, the bull nearly always wins, and wild and voracious is the enthusiasm should he emerge from the fearful contest the victor. But the spectacle is ghastly.

The roar of the powerful bull, the demonic snarl of the tiger, the rending of flesh, snapping of bone, and gushes of blood, like water spilled, make a sight that goes to turn civilized man shuddering aside. This sort of thing continues for two or three days; in fact, till no more material in the shape of wild beast is left. After that the populace give themselves up to feasting and dancing for some days more.

He Went West and Prospered. Freeland, Kan., March 9.—One of the most prosperous farmers in Harper County is Mr. N. H. Mead. Some thirty-four years ago he left his home near Clarence, N. Y., and came to Kansas. Here he has thrived splendidly and last year harvested over one hundred and forty acres of wheat alone.

But everything has not gone well with Mr. Mead, for his health has been good for the last few years. He has suffered a great deal with Kidney and Bladder Trouble and could get nothing to stop it. Lately, however, he has improved a great deal and he says that he has none of the old symptoms left and is feeling splendid again. He used Dodd's Kidney Pills and this remedy seemed to work wonders in his case. He says himself: "Dodd's Kidney Pills have made me well. They are all right and a reliable remedy for Kidney Trouble. They helped me right from the start, giving me great relief, and finally cured me."

Shifting the Blame. "Do you stand high in the opinion of the Gazzams?" "I'm afraid not. When Mr. Gazzam introduced me he says I'm an old friend of his daughter, and when Miss Clayias introduced me she says I'm an old friend of her father."—Indianapolis Sun.

An Experienced Beau. Jimmy—Look. Dere goes Mamie Molberry with Nibby Murphy, an' she's handin' on his arm for dere life. D'yer 'pose she's doin' dat ter show she loves him?

Potey—Now; it's ten ter one who's doin' it ter make him feel foolish.—Puck.

JUNE TINT BUTTER COLOR makes top of the market butter.

Charles Wingate, the oldest alumnus of Dartmouth College, is 90 years of age. He was graduated over seventy-two years ago.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, cures teething, cures wind colic, 25 cents a bottle.



ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

IN POSTOFFICE FIFTY YEARS.

Record of Mrs. Harriet M. Foster of Troy Grove, Illinois, her life and her work in the postoffice for fifty years.

Brave acts of two Illinois heroines are told in the story connected with the resignation of Mrs. Harriet M. Foster as postmistress of Troy Grove. After a continuous service of over half a century, Mrs. Foster has been relieved on her own request, and has been thanked by the postal department. W. P. Wilson will be appointed to fill the position. The office at Troy Grove was established in 1830. Mrs. Foster's accession came in 1840, when Zachary Taylor appointed her postmistress. Harriet, the youngest child in a family of ten children, and the wife of Charles R. Foster, was made assistant postmaster, and to her fell the duties of the office. Mr. Foster died in 1851, when Abraham Lincoln appointed Mr. Foster postmaster, but his wife continued to perform the duties of the office. In 1854 Mr. Foster and his son Frank enlisted in the Union army, and the wife was left to care not only for the postoffice, but for eight other children of her family. When husband and son came back from the army the latter contracted smallpox, and the whole family became infected. The old house with its postoffice was quarantined. Mrs. Foster, now living at Troy Grove, was the heroine of the occasion. She was the wife of a bugler, who had gone to the front, and the mother of a large family of children, but went to nurse the Fosters, and with the aid of the physician nursed all but three of them back to life. Frank and two of his brothers died. This was the only break in the service of Mrs. Foster to the government. While she was in quarantine the mails were received and distributed by other hands. In 1877 Mr. Foster resigned the office, and for the first time Mrs. Foster held the position in her own name. During all this time the postoffice has been kept in one house. The place has undergone changes, but it has housed the Troy Grove postoffice from the time of President Taylor.

CASES OF SMALLPOX FEWER.

Reports to Board of Health indicate good results from vaccination.

One hundred and eighty cases of smallpox, distributed among forty-five localities in thirty-four counties, were reported to the State board of health during February. Many cases are probably not reported. Yet the health authorities are gratified by the improvement in the smallpox situation. Smallpox exists to an alarming extent in surrounding States, but in Illinois, in consequence of the State health board's persistent demand for vaccination during last year's epidemic, when there were about 4,000 cases in the State at one time, it has been invariably checked where vaccination has been enforced. Difficulty is still found in handling the disease, because it is not at first recognized as smallpox and is given almost any other name. The disease is widely scattered over the State. Reports for February show its existence in the counties of Alexander, Bond, Bureau, Carroll, Champaign, Christian, Cook, Cumberland, Dupage, Edgar, Ford, Fulton, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin, Jersey, Johnson, Knox, LaSalle, Lawrence, Madison, Mason, Peoria, Platt, Pike, Pope, Pulaski, Sangamon, St. Clair, Vermilion, Washington, Whiteside, Will and Winnebago. Cook County's smallpox is in Chicago, Chicago Heights and Evanston.

NO CLEW TO MISSING MAN.

Instructor at University of Illinois leaves wife's trace.

The home of Robert Earl Richardson, the missing instructor of the University of Illinois, who left his room recently and has not since been seen, was near Shipman, where he lived with his parents on a farm. Richardson was both a student and an instructor in zoology in the university, where he has a fellowship under Dean Forbes and by whom he has been employed for several summers on the Illinois river survey along Illinois rivers studying fishes. Richardson left (t. A. Crosthwait's house, where he has been rooming and boarding for two years, a few minutes after breakfast Thursday morning, Feb. 10, and nothing of his whereabouts either through him or his friends has been heard of since. Mr. Crosthwait states that Richardson was a fellow of good habits and very retiring. He seldom went out in the evening, but studied his science work with great zeal. Richardson's room was left in perfect order, as has always been his custom, and no clew was found.

ENGINEER AVERTS DISASTER.

Applies emergency brake and stops train near Alton.

Application of the emergency airbrake by Engineer Brady when he saw an avalanche rolling down the side of the bluff, a quarter of a mile north of Clifton Terrace, averted a serious wreck to the Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis south-bound passenger train No. 1. The train was stopped as the engine plowed through the earth. The tender was derailed and it was five hours before it was replaced and the train removed. The passengers were shaken up by the abrupt stopping of the train, but escaped injury. The train was thirty minutes late and was running at a high rate of speed.

PUBLIC UTILITIES SOLD.

Eastern Parties Secure Valuable Plants in Springfield.

The deal by which the public utilities of Springfield—the Springfield Consolidated Railway Company, the Springfield Electric Light and Power Company, the Capital Electric Company (the commercial plant, which is owned by private individuals), the Springfield Gas Light Company, and the Hot Water Heating, Electric and Power Company—go into the control of a syndicate, composed of E. W. Clark & Co. of Philadelphia and other Eastern parties, has been consummated.

Within Our Borders.

Despondent because unable to get work Frank Mann, 40 years old, committed suicide at his home in Chicago.

The resignation of M. W. Schaefer of Belleville as judge of the Circuit Court in the Third judicial district was accepted by Gov. Yates.

Mrs. Addie Williams of Antioch was compelled by a verdict in Judge Gary's court in Chicago to pay \$225 for horse-kipping James Barnstable.

Plumber valued at \$2,000 was taken from the store of Bullard & Gornley by thieves who climbed the fire escape and entered through the skylight.

General Secretary Charles O. Sherman of the United Metal Workers' International Union of Chicago addressed a mass meeting of laboring men at Joliet.

Police have been asked to search for Roy McKillop, 22 years old, who is charged with leaving Chicago with \$300 belonging to Cook & McLean, cleaners and dyers.

Judge Leslie D. Puterbaugh, Winlock Evans and Robert H. Lovett, all of Peoria County, were nominated for the bench by the Republican convention of the tenth circuit.

The recent cold weather killed the peach buds in southern Illinois and about half of the young tomato plants. Tomato growers will sow part, but the crop will be light and late.

Rev. C. O. Solberg, for several years pastor of the Emanuel English Lutheran Church in Rockford, has resigned to accept a call from the Covenant English Lutheran Church of Chicago.

By Evanston's failure to raise \$50,000 or furnish a suitable site, the city lost the \$100,000 library building offered by Charles F. Grey, whose son says the proposition is no longer open.

Firemen prevented only by hard work the explosion of many barrels of gasoline and other combustibles at a fire which did \$75,000 damage at the plant of the Art Bedstead Company in Chicago.

Ralph Merriam won first place in the oratorical contest at the University of Chicago, and Frederick A. Fischel, a student of Jewish descent, giving a "Defense of Shylock," won second place.

George H. Morrison was nominated for Mayor of Bloomington by the Republican ticket. Henry H. Deyoung, father of the Ridgely National Bank, was chosen for Mayor of Springfield by the Democrats.

Dr. William Crocker, aged 65 years, of Dayton, Iowa, died suddenly in his room at a Keystone Hotel. He had been despondent and the indications point to suicide. He was of a prominent family.

Gov. Yates has appointed A. M. Burke of Champaign County as a member of the State board of equalization to succeed S. W. Philbrick, who recently resigned to accept an appointment on the Circuit bench.

Indianapolis members of the National Broommakers' Union say they have completed arrangements which assure the removal to that city of the national headquarters of the organization. The headquarters are now at Galesburg.

Expenditure of \$37,133,520 for improvements are announced by United States Steel Company; \$7,545,000 is to be spent on Illinois Steel Company plants at South Chicago and Joliet; \$50,000, 000 additional bond issue is planned.

The State auditor of public accounts has issued a final permit to open the Farmers' State Bank of Augusta for business, with a capital of \$30,000. The officers of the new bank are: David P. Coffman, president, and Sterling P. Lemmon, cashier.

At a meeting of the Grayville City Council that body passed an ordinance reducing the salaries of the Mayor, Aldermen and City Attorney to \$1 per year. Heretofore the Mayor received a salary of \$50 per year, the Aldermen \$24 per year and the City Attorney \$75.

Officers of three St. Louis co-operative building associations which were the subject of exhaustive inquiry by the Alton city court grand jury, have been indicted on charges of making misrepresentations. The men indicted are officers of the American Builders, the Fidelity Home and the United Co-operative associations.

The Rev. Arthur Wilson, pastor of the First Christian Church of Bloomington, died following an attack of congestive heart failure due to overexertion in conducting a revival meeting. He graduated from Berea College five years ago, took a post-graduate course at the University of Chicago, and had charge of pastorates at Lexington and Mattoon.

All through the lower part of the State flooded fields are the rule, and in and about Cairo the waters have reached a depth that was alarming for a time. As far north as Carbondale the land has been inundated ever since the cold weather gave way to a temperature which resulted in the thawing out of the great accumulations of drifted snowbanks.

When Adolph Neubauer and Miss Amanda Woerner of Chicago went to Rockford to be married they thought their valuables would be safe in a hotel corridor. The bride slipped her purse containing \$50 and her \$75 diamond earring ring, into her husband's overcoat pocket and the happy twain went to dinner. When they returned the pocketbook was missing.

Playing with his father's revolver, which he thought was unloaded, may result in the death of 15-year-old Arthur Bado of Chicago. He is now suffering from a bullet wound in the abdomen. According to the story of the boy, he was examining the revolver, when he pulled the trigger, and it went off. The bullet passed through the boy's left hand and entered the abdomen.

Burglars broke into the house of Warren Webster in Plano, knocked Mrs. Webster unconscious, bound and gagged her and then ransacked the residence, carrying off \$215. Webster is deaf and securing \$215. Webster is deaf and securing \$215. Webster is deaf and securing \$215.

DANGER IN COUNTY PRISONS.

Charities Board Reports Bad Conditions in Almshouses and Jails.

Startling disclosures regarding conditions in county almshouses and jails of Illinois are made in advance sheets of the seventeenth biennial report of the Illinois commissioners of public charities. The report says the chief matters for criticism are neglect and lack of care, old and insanitary buildings, insufficient heating, lack of ventilation, bad plumbing, impure and insufficient supply of water and inadequate fire protection. Very unsatisfactory conditions exist, the report says, in many of the southern counties, particularly Hamilton, Jasper, Lawrence, Saline, Wayne and Williamson counties. A picture is drawn of the condition of one woman who has been confined in the almshouse of Adams County for forty-two years. She destroyed her eyesight several years ago with her finger nails and now remains constantly in bed, this consisting of a wooden box half filled with straw. In the Scott County almshouse one insane patient is restrained by a large iron chain fastened to his wrist, which he has worn five years. Similar cases are cited in a number of counties. The county jails come in for particular scoring by the investigators. Among the counties in which conditions are detrimental to health in the jails are Madison, Pulaski, Pope, Marshall, Brown, Adams, Alexander, Dewitt, Effingham, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton, Johnson, Massac, McHenry, Morgan, Pike, Putnam, Vermilion, Washington and Winnebago.

DEATH OF JEHU BAKER.

Passing of Unique Figure in Illinois.

John Baker of Belleville, lawyer, diplomat and statesman, died at his home the other day, of old age. Mr. Baker for the last few years had been totally blind, his sight having failed him while he was serving as a member of Congress in 1880. Mr. Baker was born in Lexington, Ky., Nov. 4, 1822. Seven years later his parents removed to Lebanon, Ill., where the boy attended the common schools and McKendree College. He received the honorary degrees of M. A. and LL. D. He studied medicine for a time, but abandoned it for the law. He was admitted to the bar at the age of 24. In 1860 he was appointed master in chancery of St. Clair County. In 1864 he was elected Congressman on the Republican ticket and served in the Thirty-ninth, Fortieth and Fifty-fifth Congresses. In 1878-81 and 1882-85 he was United States minister resident to Venezuela and for a portion of this time was minister resident and consul general. In 1899 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress on the fusion ticket.

FARM HANDS-UNITE.

Plan to Demand More Wages in Coming Spring.

The Illinois Amalgamated Farm Hands' Union is the most startling development in union labor organization in many months, and that such a union exists probably would have remained a secret until spring had it not been for Frederick W. Job, secretary of the Chicago Employers' Association. Mr. Job discovered the secret organization in time for the farmers in several parts of the State to form counter organizations for the purpose of dealing with the approaching demands of the farm laborers. Mr. Job recently returned from a trip to Peoria, Bloomington and Springfield, where he was called to organize employers' associations after the plan of the employers' association in Chicago, and it was on this trip that he discovered that the farm hands in the central part of the State have formed a union and are preparing to demand a high scale of wages for the spring work.

TRACE OF LOST POSTOFFICE.

Winnebago County Boasts of Unique Station of the '60s.

Winnebago County produces the only case in the history of the Postoffice Department where a postoffice, got lost. Trace of the office known away back in the '60s as Peach has just been found. A document referring to Peach postoffice has been discovered in Rockford. It turns out that Peach died an unusual death. It got so that no man, woman or child would serve as postmaster at Peach, and the poor thing, historically speaking, died. It had tried to regain life under another name, that of Centerville, but it staggered and expired again. Peach is said to have been a "cling," but the feeble thing belied its own name and absolutely left the memory of man.

REFORMED BURGLAR PAYS UP.

Scale from Rockford Merchant and Pays Up by Installments.

One of the merchants of Rockford has been carrying on an interesting correspondence with a self-confessed burglar, who, however, has managed to shield his name and address. The merchant lost a quantity of goods ten years ago. Some months afterward he received a letter in which the writer said he was the man who had stolen from him, had experienced religion and wanted to settle. The merchant sent to the address given a statement of account, and received in return \$10. After several years elapsed, another like remittance came along, and now the unknown individual has sent in the balance.

JILTED GIRL TAKES POISON.

Florence Zimmerly of Elgin Leaves Letter for Claude Colle.

Florence Zimmerly of Elgin, youngest daughter of Mrs. Bell of Charter Grove, became despondent on account of the jilting she said she received from Claude Colle and swallowed poison. Among her personal effects was a pathetic letter to Colle, a young business man of the city. She admonished him to respect her memory and to refrain from going with her rival, a young woman of Elgin, for at least one year after her death.

WHAT CONGRESS DID.

WORK OF THE FIFTY-SEVENTH BODY OF LAWMAKERS.

What Has Been Accomplished in the Way of Legislation—Opinions Differ as to Most Important Acts—Some Consider Body Too Conservative.

Washington correspondence:



NOW that the Fifty-seventh American Congress is a thing of the past, it takes but little more than a glance in retrospect to show that it was a hard-working body which accomplished much in the way of legislation regarded by the majority of people as being in the main unsensational and salutary.

Opinions differ as to the most important work of the Fifty-seventh Congress, the anti-trust legislation being thought by many to hold the first place. As far as anti-trust measures are concerned, the advance has been marked. First came the best trust legislation, then the railroad merger forced sharp public criticism, and then, to increase the public's hostile feeling against the trusts, came the coal strike, which, perhaps, more than anything else called attention to the vast power of the big corporations.

Congress Acts. Congress heard and acted. The Department of Commerce and Labor was established, and Senator Nelson's amendment providing for a bureau of publicity was adopted. This bureau has authority to insist on the making public of the operations of all great corporations.

Legal authorities have held that the Sherman anti-trust law did not go far enough. It was this feeling that made the Fifty-seventh Congress pass a special act making more rapid the progress of suits against the trusts under the statute as it exists. Attorney General Knox, acting under the power newly given, has put forces into action to expedite the suits against the railroad merger in the Northwest.

Touching this matter of railroad combinations, the Elkins bill, which has become a law, is of interest. It provides heavy fines for the giving or receiving of rebates. It has been charged that discriminating rebates were the means of building up monopolies like the coal trust and the Standard Oil Company.

Congress, as one of the first acts of the session, passed a bill suspending the tariff on coal of all kinds coming from foreign countries.

Fight on Immigration Law. Congress did not go as far as was expected in the matter of the immigration law. The alien measure is considered to be of little value. The bill as passed by the House contained education, but a clause by which it would be enforceable to bar from the country undesirable foreigners. The Senate killed the educational clause. The law as it stands is merely an improvement on the old statute in that it strengthens the administrative power of the former law.

Measures of importance to our eastern possessions have become laws as the result of the work of the last session. A currency system was provided for the Philippines. Another act promoted the efficiency of the islands' constabulary, and still another has for its object the extradition of criminals from one island to another. An appropriation of \$3,000,000 was made to relieve the distress among the inhabitants of the Philippines caused by ravages of disease among the water buffaloes, upon which the inhabitants depend for agricultural work. Hawaii is interested in the passage of an act for the redemption by the United States of Hawaiian silver money, and in the appropriation to pay judgments growing out of the destruction of property in the suppressing of the 'hohole plague.

The bankruptcy law has been amended, and a large number of bills of interest to different localities have been passed, together with several private pension bills. A new building to cost \$1,500,000 was authorized for the Department of Agriculture.

The omnibus public building measure was the cause of differences between the House and the Senate, but the conference finally reached an agreement and \$750,000 was added to the new Chicago postoffice appropriation, an amount believed to be sufficient to finish the structure.

Killed Ship Subsidy Bill.

While the Fifty-seventh Congress did much in an affirmative way, it negatived several measures that were strongly urged. The ship subsidy bill, which had powerful influence back of it, was killed. The statehood bill, after a long fight, was shelved. Mr. Quay, one of its chief sponsors, deserting its cause. The tariff was left alone.

Senator Aldrich's treasury plan bill was killed during the last hours of Congress. Certain clauses of the measure had aroused the hostility of bankers, and this, coupled with the long fight over statehood in the Senate and the Democratic filibuster, killed the bill.

The Lodge Philippine tariff measure also went down to defeat at the last moment. The tobacco and sugar interests fought the bill from the start.

Lillookian, once Queen of Hawaii, but now a resident of Washington, will not get the \$200,000 voted to her by the Senate to compensate for property taken by this government. The House refused to give the dusky queen a cent. It was stated in the lower branch that the lands for which she demands payment never belonged to the crown, but to the state.

The measure known as the anarchy bill was passed quickly and without serious opposition. It provides for the protection of the President from assassination, and fixes punishment for those who attempt his life.

The militia bill passed by Congress marks an advance in all previous legislation touching the armed forces of the several States. It provides for the general organization of the militia of the United States and puts it on a footing to make it quickly available when its services may be required by the government.

Patronize those who advertise.

IMPORTANT WORK OF 57TH CONGRESS

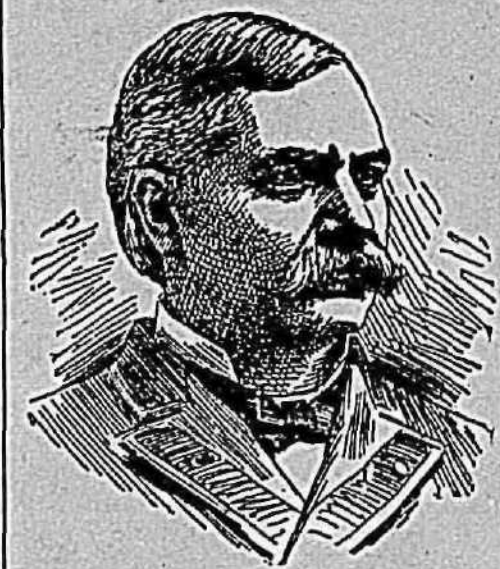
Established Department of Commerce and Labor with a "corporation publicity" bureau.
Authorized construction of Panama canal.
Passed Elkins anti-rebate act.
Provided for expediting suits under anti-trust law.
Sanctioned general staff corps for the army.
Passed militia reorganization bill.
Enacted law to protect President from assassination.
Suspended tariff on coal.
Amended bankruptcy act.
Established currency system for Philippines.
Provided for redemption of Hawaiian silver money.
Repealed war taxes.
Provided civil government for eastern possessions.
Established consular and diplomatic relations with Cuba.
Passed sundry civil bill.
Bills that Failed of Passage.
The ship subsidy measure.
The statehood bill.
The Aldrich financial measure.
The Philippine tariff bill.

ADIEU OF HENDERSON.

Tribute to the Retiring Speaker Closes the House Session.

A touching tribute to the retiring Speaker and a valedictory address by Mr. Henderson, who was greeted with an enthusiastic demonstration, closed the session of the House of the Fifty-seventh Congress.

As usual, the scenes in connection with the closing attracted vast crowds. They besieged the portals of the House even before the doors were open and when the seats in the galleries were filled they stood in long lines outside waiting patiently for admittance. The veteran chairman of the appropriations committee, Mr. Cannon, with a red carnation in



DAVID B. HENDERSON.

his buttonhole, came into the hall with his arm around Mr. Dalzell just as Speaker Henderson, whose long career in Congress was soon to end, ascended the rostrum.

JUST TO GIVE CONFIDENCE.

Colorful scene was concluded a remarkable scene occurred. Speaker Henderson yielded the gavel to Mr. Cannon, the incoming Speaker. As the latter took the chair the members broke into a burst of applause in which the galleries joined. It was quite as much a compliment to the retiring Speaker as to Mr. Cannon. The Speaker retired to his room in the rear of the hall.

Amid intense silence Mr. Payne, the majority leader, then arose and offered the following resolution of thanks to the retiring Speaker:

"Resolved, That the thanks of this House are presented to Honorable David B. Henderson, Speaker of the House of Representatives, for the able, impartial and dignified manner in which he has presided over its deliberations and performed the arduous and important duties of the chair during the present term of Congress."

WRIT FORBIDS STRIKE.

Wabash Railroad Injunction Is Most Sweeping Ever Issued.

The injunction issued at St. Louis by Judge Adams of the Federal District Court against the employees of the Wabash Railroad absolutely forbids the men from going on strike. It is the most sweeping court order ever issued in a strike in the United States and its effect leaves the men in a quandary as they cannot strike without being in contempt. Officials of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen say the men will obey the order and make a legal fight to have it rescinded.

The demands of the employees on all divisions of the road are for an increase in wages of from 12 to 15 per cent, and, according to the ultimatum sent President Ramsey, 2,500 men are directly involved, although engineers, brakemen, conductors and telegraphers, numbering approximately 50,000 more, may be drawn into the struggle.

The injunction forbids the men—
1.—To order, coerce, persuade, induce or otherwise cause, directly or indirectly, the men to quit the service of the company.
2.—To molest or interfere in any way with the business of the company.
3.—To order, advise or otherwise influence men on connecting lines to refuse to interchange traffic.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Charles M. Schwab made the trip from Cannes to Paris, 800 miles, in his automobile.

Alabama citizens presented a silver service to the battleship Alabama. The exercises were held in the Mobile theater.

A scheme is said to be on to purchase all the lead and silver mines in the Oquirrh district of Idaho. It will take \$20,000,000 to do it.

Citizens of Arizona favor the annexation of seven counties in the southern part of California, with a population of 600,000, making a State which they would call Calzonita.

The Union Terminal Railway, the Combination Bridge Company of Sioux City, Iowa, and the Omaha Northern Railway Company have been merged. The new concern will be capitalized at \$5,000,000.

ILLINOIS LAWMAKERS

The bill appropriating \$5,000 for the famine stricken in Sweden and Finland now needs only the Governor's signature to become a law. It passed the State Senate Tuesday morning without opposition. The bill, which was on third reading in the House and Senate, was recalled by its author to second reading for the purpose of an amendment asked by the Torrens committee of the Chicago Real Estate Board. The amendment is as follows: "Provided, however, that the court, either within or without this State, appointing such executor or administrator upon any sufficient suggestion, whereby it shall appear that such application for registration may not be in the best interests of the beneficiaries or creditors, may, by an order entered of record, excuse such application for registration as to the whole or any part of the land." An unsuccessful attempt was made in the House to kill the Arnold bill increasing the salaries of circuit judges outside of Cook County from \$3,500 to \$5,000. An attempt to kill the Backus bill to license barbers and barber shops was also defeated. The bill was ordered to third reading. It is strongly opposed in the country, but is wanted in Chicago and other large cities of the State.

The first day of the battle between the State and Drainage Canal Boards on Wednesday ended with the advantage apparently on the side of the State Board. The Drainage Board suffered because its measures were up as targets. The Burke-Rainey resolution for the abandonment of the Illinois and Michigan canal was barred out of the House and sent to a committee. The Drainage Board's annexation bill was referred to a subcommittee by the Senate Committee on Drainage and Waterways and the sister House committee had to be adjourned with the gavel to avoid postponement of the bills for two weeks. Partisans of the Drainage Board are preparing to counter when the State Canal Board's \$100,000 appropriation bill comes up. The House put in most of the morning session on the Backus bill for creating a State barber's Board and licensing the tonsorial artists. Speaker Miller ruled that the bill was before the House on the order of second reading and subject to amendment. Motions to amend followed, and in this way the bill lost the section providing for annual licensing and all the sections providing for fees. Representative Mundy had it amended so as not to apply to cities of less than 10,000. Mr. Shanahan put in a clause prohibiting any appropriation now or hereafter for the board. Then the bill and its amendments were sent back to committee. Senator Clark's bill creating a State dental board failed to pass the Senate. It received only twenty affirmative votes, two short of a constitutional majority. It was then recalled to second reading and made a special order for Tuesday morning. Governor Yates attached his signature to the bill appropriating \$5,000 for the sufferers in North Sweden and Finland.

and passed S. Darrow's resolution for the vital of all conspiracy, and all crimes and misdemeanors under common law. Mr. Darrow had footed relating to this subject, and still another directed against live bird shooting contests. To get them all in he had to have a couple of friends assist as godfathers to his bills, since one man can introduce only three bills in one day. A compulsory primary election law for the State was introduced in the House by Representative Hinaker, of the Shermanites' faction. Coming so soon after Mr. Sherman's resolution for a compulsory law, it is taken to mean a determination by the Shermanites to "smoke out" the Governor on this subject. Governor Yates has said that he is not conscious of a general public demand for a primary election law applicable to the whole State. Rerangement of the Supreme Court districts of the State is provided for in a bill which the Judicial Administration Committee acted on favorably. Of the seven districts it changes all but the first and seventh. The constitution says they can be changed only at the session of the Legislature next preceding the "election in these districts."

The State civil service bill has commenced to move. In the House Friday morning it was read a first time and advanced to the order of second reading in the face of Democratic attempts to delay it. All bills on the order of first reading were shoved along to second reading. This was in pursuance of Speaker Miller's determination to make the House work Friday from now on. The same policy will be pursued at the Monday evening sessions. Although the House may lack a quorum for the passing of bills on Mondays and Fridays, members who have bills on the calendar must attend on risk having their pet measures amended out of recognizable shape or killed outright. Representative Wheeler introduced the new medical practice act proposed by the Illinois Medical Society, and which is indorsed by the State Board of Health. It creates a State Board of Medical Examiners, consisting of seven members, who shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The appointments are to be made from persons nominated by the State medical societies, and every incorporated society having an actual membership of not less than 100 licentiates in medicine and surgery and embracing membership from at least twenty counties may submit nominations. The term of office is to be seven years. It also provides that no person, unless previously registered or authorized, shall engage in the practice of medicine or surgery or the restricted practice of medicine or midwifery, after Oct. 1, 1903, without securing a certificate from the State Board. The new bill also provides for the licensing of itinerant vendors of drugs, nostrums, ointments or appliances for the treatment of diseases. No business was transacted in the Senate.

House Committees.

Mines and Mining—Schneider, chairman; Blanton, Kendrick, Isermann, McGinnis, Turner, G. T.; Chilperfield, Dyer, McMillan, Black, Samuels, Darrow, Burton, Moran, Petrie, Pujon, Wallace, Hinds, Doyle.
Railroads—Lyon, chairman; Brady, O'Connell, Bush, Edwards, Chilperfield, Lish, J. W. Turner, Lawrence, Gault, F. B. Erickson, Arnold, Greenbaum, Noh, Gallagher, Sunderland, Samuelson, Murray, Browne, Eskew, Hagg, Rice, Dandy, Mitchell, Corrigan, Arand, Luke.

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
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THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Donor
Circulation in Western Lake County, than
Any Paper Published in the State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A recent decision of the Commissioner of Patents in the matter of the application of Corgelius Vanderbilt, the inventor and multi-millionaire, for a car appliance, is reported by C. A. Snow & Co., Patent Lawyers of Washington, to be adverse to the effort of Mr. Vanderbilt to broaden his claims after the declaration of an interference. There is no fairer tribunal than the United States Patent Office. Neither wealth nor power can influence its decision.

Many leaders of the republican party are opposed to the tariff revision. They believe it would prove inimical to the interests of the country, would destroy prosperity and precipitate hard times.

The republican members of congress are generally satisfied with the anti-trust legislation enacted and so is the President. If it is demonstrated that more is necessary, there may be further enactment.

J. Pierpont Morgan may be a master of finance but Nelson W. Aldrich is the master of legislation. His word is always law in the United States Senate.

Editor Charles Emory Smith, late Postmaster General, says newspaper work is a delightful change from listening to complaints of disappointed office seekers.

The republican editors of the country were handsomely entertained by Senator Depew in his Washington home on the occasion of their recent visit to the capital.

A new canard, that the Agriculture Department is trying to produce a breed of featherless fowls is going the round of the press. There is no truth in it.

A United States Fish Commission expert has decided that fish can hear. This may make the fishermen more careful of the stories they tell.

Important as is the Aldrich bill to the welfare of the country, the democrats defeat it for party reasons.

Through a gross misconception of his duty, Senator Morgan is still trying to talk the Panama treaty to death.

The Anthracite Coal Strike Commission is approaching the conclusion of its labors. Its recommendations are awaited with interest.

We suspect that Ex-President Cleveland agrees with all President Roosevelt has said on the subject of large families.

President Roosevelt is said to have converted Governor Cummins to the "stand pat" tariff policy.

The French chamber of deputies has just voted \$240,000 to provide wine for the soldiers in the regular army.

Sealskin dog blankets made to order are on sale in New York. The cheapest have no handkerchief pocket, and cost \$50.

The new United States cruiser Baltimore is to be fitted with steel furniture throughout.

Senator Perkins' Idea.

Senator George C. Perkins of California has some unusual ideas regarding the election of United States Senators, and on account of these he refused to listen to the appeals of his friends to go to California during the recent senatorial fight there.

"I regard the members of the legislature," said he, "as the jury of the people, so far as the election of senators is concerned. Before the election of the legislature I made a campaign which extended the length and breadth of my state. I told the people that I was a candidate for re-election and I made my promises to them. They elected a Republican legislature, and by so doing made that legislature their jury. When opposition appeared to my re-election my friends urged me to leave Washington and personally conduct my case before the legislature, but I do not think it is right for senators to try to influence the action of legislatures, so I remained in Washington. In other words, I refused to tamper with the jury."

What Did She Mean?

They were at supper. Between the courses the young man with the voracious appetite discoursed eloquently on things in general.

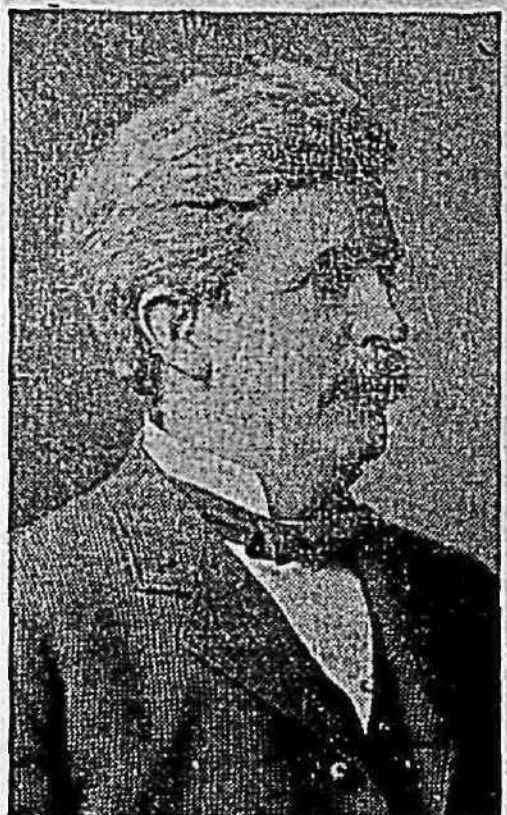
FACTIONS IN HOUSE

Formation of Cliques for the Control of Certain Lines of Legislation.

MR. ROSE'S APPROPRIATION BILL

Members of the Committees at Work on the Measure—Popular Election of Senators.

Springfield, Ill., March 10.—Members of the appropriations committee of the senate and house are at work this week on the omnibus appropriation bill for the constitutional department of the state government. This bill is prepared by Secretary of State Rose, on estimates submitted to him by the heads of the several departments of state. It is a voluminous



SECRETARY OF STATE ROSE.

document, carrying with it the itemization of governmental expenditures aggregating an excess of six millions of dollars.

For years past the measure prepared by the secretary of state has been the only appropriation bill submitted by a state official in which the funds sought have been itemized. It is a notable fact that the secretary's estimate, as a rule, has been accepted without question by the legislators and it was this practice of itemization that suggested the desirability of itemization of institutions and departments making similar requests for funds. Instead of the legislature for a lump sum, usually reaching into hundreds of thousands of dollars, without offering any explanation of the purposes to which the monies were to be applied.

Saving in Printing Bill.

A considerable saving in the state's printing bill has been brought about through the action of Secretary Rose in furnishing his estimates direct to the joint committee on appropriations instead of first printing a draft of the measure. After the committee members agree upon the changes desired in the appropriations, the bill will be printed in amended form, so that a second printing will not be necessary.

Among other things that will be asked for by Secretary Rose this year will be an appropriation for extensive repairs on the state house. For years the magnificent capitol has been subjected to neglect on the part of the general assembly that has called forth expressions of protest and disapproval from citizens all over the state who are familiar with the decay that is threatening the structure. The roof of the dome and of the four wings alike has reached such a stage of disintegration that further repair is pronounced impracticable by experienced workmen and their utmost efforts fail to prevent serious leaks which are causing extensive damage to the interior of the building.

The heating plant maintained by the state is inadequate and the boilers have been overcrowded until they are actually considered unsafe. The two passenger elevators are still operated by the primitive water power method and are the subject of general ridicule and contempt. Much office space that could be utilized through the scientific application of prisms, and which is deemed absolutely essential to meet the growing requirements of the state, is now totally wasted because of the lack of light. The plumbing is defective and of ancient design. Decorations in rotunda and corridors are dingy and begrimed, tiling is loosened in the floors and the whole structure presents an aspect of neglect and decay that is looked upon as anything but creditable to the commonwealth whose dignity it is aimed to represent.

What Is Expected.

It is expected that the present assembly will appropriate a sum sufficient to place a new roof on the building, install new boilers in the heating plant, provide the elevators with electric motors, remodel the plumbing, open new rooms, decorate anew the rotunda and corridors and otherwise refurbish and revamp both interior and exterior of the building until it again assumes the imposing stateliness it should command.

The last week has been remarkable in the house on account of the development of a number of little factions. These factions have been organized without regard to the broader differences between the administration and

anti-administration forces, and even party lines have been obliterated to a considerable extent in the formation of cliques for the control of certain lines of legislation. The factional growth is particularly marked in committees. In some instances the committees have assumed such a shape that the chairman finds himself absolutely powerless to guide the work of his body, further than to preside, in perfunctory fashion, over the sessions.

Indications point to the fact that "Boss" Noke of Chicago is in absolute control of the house committee on corporations and the members of the committee—at least sufficient to control—are obsequiously responsive to Mr. Noke's beck and call. Mr. Noke is the author of a large number of bills for the regulation of industries all over the state and, contrary to precedence, the committee has evidenced a disposition to report out these measures to the house.

Bills from Corporation Committee.

Last week the corporations committee handed out a measure prohibiting market quotations to bucket shops and race results to pool rooms. Another bill that has been given to the house by this committee is calculated to break up the abstract monopoly in Cook county and to regulate prices for abstract work. More measures aimed to curtail the privileges enjoyed by corporations have met with the favorable consideration of the committee and are likely to be reported out to the house within a few days.

The committee on live stock and dairying, of which Representative Wheeler is chairman, has in hand a number of important measures which the chairman is anxious to report out but up to the present time the members of the committee have shown little inclination to act on the matters. One bill introduced by Representative Wilson, the Democratic leader, was sent to this committee against the protest of the author, who requested that it go to the committee on agriculture. The Iserman bill, prohibiting transportation companies from holding interests in stock yards, also was sent to the committee on live stock and dairying in the face of a determined effort to send it to the committee on agriculture. It is expected that the agricultural committee will report out this week a measure to regulate stock yards charges. The question of reduction in charges has been agitated to an unusual degree of late and members of the house have received a flood of petitions from stock raisers and shippers all over the state asking for legislation on the subject.

Popular Election of Senators.

Arrangements are making for a big mass meeting to be held in representatives' hall on the evening of March 18 for the purpose of discussing the proposition of electing United States senators by popular vote of the people. The bill at the present time is under the auspices of the committee on federal relations. Addresses on both sides of the proposition are expected from public men of prominence in Illinois.

Friends of Representative Schlegelhauf, chairman of the committee on federal relations, say there is a story back of the coming meeting. Mr. Schlegelhauf is one of the Sherman Republicans and is generally looked upon as one of the most forceful men in the house. The committee on federal relations is one of the least active committees in the house, seldom holding a session and rarely having any matter of importance for consideration. When Mr. Schlegelhauf was given the chairmanship of this committee it was taken by his associates as an endeavor on the part of the administration forces to humiliate and discipline him for his activity in behalf of Judge Sherman's candidacy for the speakership. For this reason, it is said, Sherman men will endeavor to make the mass meeting arranged by this committee one of the principal events of the session. George W. Hinman, editor of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, has attacked the resolution on this subject in the columns of his paper and an invitation has been extended to him to address the meeting in opposition to the proposition.

Inspection of State Institutions.

Members of the general assembly started today on the biennial tour of inspection of the state institutions. A large party of legislators, some of whom were accompanied by their wives or other relatives, left this afternoon in a special car, over the Chicago & Alton railway, for Lincoln, where the first inspection will be made at the Asylum for Feeble Minded Children. The party will spend the night in Lincoln and will proceed tomorrow to Normal, to visit the Soldiers' Widows' and Orphans' home at that place. The party will be absent the entire week.

Considerable rivalry has developed between the two measures providing for the establishment of an epileptic colony and a state sanatorium for consumptives, respectively. It is generally agreed that both bills cannot pass the present legislature as the amount of appropriations called for is too large to be considered. The epileptic colony measure emanates from the state board of charities and the sanatorium proposition from the state board of health. Four hundred supervisors from over the state have petitioned Representative Wheeler, who introduced the epileptic colony bill, urging its passage. On the other hand, several hundred physicians are clamoring for the passage of the rival measure. The physicians point out that epileptics are exceedingly few, as compared with consumptives, and also declare that the consumptives at large are a menace to the general health of the commonwealth. Indications point to the favorable consideration of the epileptic colony measure.

S. LEIGH CALL.

Two Birds.
The birds there are that I do love—
The turkey and the eagle.
One walks the earth, one soars above
The clouds, supreme and regal.
The turkey, too, can fly, but he
Aims not at elevation,
Some safe limb of an apple tree
Best suits his humble station.

By night, there, from his wily foe,
The fox, he's safe, and slumbers
All undisturbed by any woe
That mortal dreaming cumber:
By day, in orchard wandering,
He humbly seeks his living.
Unconscious of the joy he'll bring
To gourmands on Thanksgiving.

And while the eagle, plumed and borne,
Doth cleave the vaulted azure,
He gobbles up the golden corn
And gobbles forth his pleasure,
And, daily adding to his girth,
For man, his chief attraction,
So fills, this bird of solid worth,
His role with satisfaction.

Each in his sphere has rightful fame;
The eagle first in favor,
As emblem of the nation's aim.
The turkey for his flavor.
But while the eagle's chief renown
Lies in his life, a winner,
The turkey's still, when dead and brown,
Served for Thanksgiving dinner.

RULE WORKED BOTH WAYS.

And if Anything, the Darky Had the Best of It.

At a country fair a free-for-all horse show was organized. Among the early entries was a small beast, ridden by a voluble individual, who pulled from his pocket a long document and commenced to entertain the crowd by reading the pedigree of his steed. He was the center of attraction until a colored man rode in, mounted upon a splendid black—large, glossy and symmetrical.

Without waiting for an invitation from the rider the crowd soon gathered about the beautiful horse and many questions were asked, which the negro modestly answered. Soon the white man and his diminutive quadruped were left practically by themselves, and the rider found himself smarting from wounded pride. He watched the new arrival for a short time, and then rode over.

"Where is your horse's pedigree?" he roared.

"I dunno, boss; I reckon he hain't got none. He's des plain boss."

"Oh, well, darn a horse without a pedigree!" shouted the disgruntled white man, and he swung the precious record of his own animal over his head, proclaiming what it was and how long it was. Then he started to ride away. The negro looked at the little beast over his shoulder, rolled his eyes and retorted, "Yes, darn a boss without a pedigree, is it? Well, darn a pedigree widout a boss! Dat's whut I says."

Loss of Flesh

When you can't eat breakfast, take Scott's Emulsion. When you can't eat bread and butter, take Scott's Emulsion. When you have been living on a milk diet and want something a little more nourishing, take Scott's Emulsion.

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For invalids, for convalescents, for consumptives, for weak children, for all who need flesh, Scott's Emulsion is a rich and comfortable food, and a natural tonic.

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WITH PAID UP CAPITAL OF

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Is now established in their new banking building. In addition to a general banking business, they will shortly have

Individual Safety Deposit Boxes

to rent to private parties. In connection with same a separate room has been furnished for the convenience of the public. The list of stockholders number nearly 70, represent many interests and is a guarantee of the safety and solidity of this institution.

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Vocal; or: Piano; Instruction
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Does Truck Farming in the South pay? Write the undersigned for a free copy of Illinois Central Circular No. 3 and note what is said concerning it.

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Mrs. Laura S. Webb,
Vice-President Woman's Demo-
cratic Club of Northern Ohio.

"I dreaded the change of life which was fast approaching. I noticed Wine of Cardui, and decided to try a bottle. I experienced some relief the first month, so I kept on taking it for three months and now I menstruate with no pain and I shall take it off and on now until I have passed the climax."

Female weakness, disordered menses, falling of the womb and ovarian troubles do not wear off. They follow a woman to the change of life. Do not wait but take Wine of Cardui now and avoid the trouble. Wine of Cardui never fails to benefit a suffering woman of any age. Wine of Cardui relieved Mrs. Webb when she was in danger. When you come to the change of life Mrs. Webb's letter will mean more to you than it does now. But you may now avoid the suffering she endured. Druggists sell \$1 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

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We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

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Food doesn't digest well? Appetite poor? Bowels constipated? Tongue coated? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills; they cure dyspepsia, biliousness.

25c. All druggists.

Want your mouache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

50 Cts. of Dye, 10 Cts. of Hair, 1 Cts. of Hair, 1 Cts. of Hair.

Apples With Photographs.

Apples upon the surface of which are perfectly reproduced the photographs of the emperor and empress of Russia and the president of the French republic have been shown in France.

OUT THEY GO

TO MORTON COUNTY, North Dakota, where there is a rich black loam soil, clay sub-soil, producing heavy crops—where Cows grow. Good water in wells 10 to 30 feet. Where Cows are Free. Feeding about six weeks in year. Creameries sell butter at 18¢ per lb. We own 175,000 Acres and sell farm lands at \$10 to \$15, grading lands \$1 to \$2. 160 Acres Free Homesteads adjoining. 5000 people now in County. Healthiest climate. Write for folder.

Wm. H. Brown & Co.

Mandan, N. Dakota, or 151 La Salle St., Chicago. Mention this paper when you write.

Not Probable.

The late Counselor Nolan, whose imposing figure, rich brogue, and ready wit were long the joy of the courts of justice, could take more liberties with the bench and escape unscathed than any other member of the bar. On one occasion at a trial at which he was one of the counsel, when the court adjourned for lunch, the clerk announced that the case would be called again promptly at 1 o'clock.

When the court reconvened at that hour every one was in place except Nolan, and everything was at a standstill, to the evident irritation of the court and the annoyance of others concerned in the case.

At 1:15 o'clock in walked the counselor, smiling and debonair, when the judge, drawing his watch from his pocket, said:

"Counselor, you have delayed the business of this court just fifteen minutes."

To which the counselor replied:

"Well, it may be as you say, your honor, but you know you can never depend upon them Waterbury."

The judge joined in the general laugh that followed, the counselor took his seat, and the incident was closed.

—New York Mail and Express.

A Swindle.

In the wire grass region of Georgia quail are very abundant, and are known to the natives as "patridges." Recently one of the South Georgia "crackers" sold off a lot of turpentine land, and decided to indulge himself in a trip to far off New York while his money was still in hand. Once in the amazing metropolis, there was another indulgence he was determined on. Delmonico's was a name that had long ago tickled his fancy, and quail on toast was a high bred dish that he had long yearned to know personally.

So to Delmonico's he hied himself and there ordered the delectable bit. It came, he eyed it severely, then tasted, finally sampling thoroughly. But his after comment on the feast savored of that sad knowledge which borders close to disgust.

"Wall, ef I hadn't come to New York, I'd never knowed that quail on toast wasn't a blamed thing but Glynn county patridges stuck up on burnt light bread."

Petit Larceny in Stamps.

"There is a fraud upon the public that we would like to root out," said a postoffice inspector, "but it is almost impossible to reach the culprits, and to make out cases against them—difficult even to get evidence on which to base a stop order against their mail. This fraud is simply the larceny of two-cent stamps by means of 'fake' advertisements in the 'help wanted' columns of reputable newspapers which have no means of knowing the fraudulent nature of the advertisements. It costs only a trifle to advertise for some kind of help, and some of these advertisements will bring from 1,000 to 1,500 replies from people who are looking for work or seeking to better themselves. Four-fifths of these applicants for the bogus 'job' will inclose stamps for reply. You can figure it out. Eight hundred stamps are worth \$16. These stamps are taken out of the letters, done up in packages of twenty-five or fifty, and sold at a small discount."

Nothing has ever equalled it.
Nothing can ever surpass it.

Dr. King's New Discovery

For CONSUMPTION

A Perfect Cure For All Throat and Lung Troubles.

Money back if it fails. Trial Bottles free.

ADJOINING TOWNS

LAKE VILLA.

Eugene Wilton was in Antioch Sunday. O. M. Lyons spent Sunday at his home here.

Charlie Douglas was in town one day last week.

John Maher drove to McHenry on business Monday.

The Current Events club meets today with Mrs. Walter Nicol.

Rich Manzer is now nicely settled in his new home, and is having a barn built.

Mrs. J. G. Rowling, Helen Kerr and Fae Potter are entertaining the gripe this week.

Miss Gertie Miller's school in the Waterbury district is closed for a two weeks vacation.

Mrs. Geo. Farrow has returned from Libertyville where she has spent the past month.

Lyle Miller is brakeman on the milk train now, and has the run from Waukegan to Chicago.

Miss Bertha Hopkins, of St. Louis is spending this week with her aunt, Mrs. G. P. Manzer.

Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Manzer and Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Hamlin visited over Sunday at Grayslake.

Zoe Diltz, of Walker, Iowa, and Georgia Kapple, of Grayslake, spent Saturday with Mrs. C. B. Hamlin.

Mr. James Barnstable and Mrs. S. Brown stole a march on their friends last week and were quietly married in Chicago. They returned to their home here Saturday evening. We extend congratulations.

Alvin Fairman, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. William Fairman died at his home here early Sunday morning, of typhoid fever. He had not been feeling well for some time but was not considered dangerous until last week, when his brother Charlie Fairman and wife came to take care of him. A trained nurse came Saturday but to late to do much good. He leaves two sisters one in Chicago and one in Denver, one brother in California one in Chicago and Roy Fairman of Lake Villa besides an aged father and mother who will greatly miss him. The funeral was held at the home Tuesday. Rev. Hay officiating. Burial was at Oaklawn cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Fairman now intend making their home in the city with their son Charles.

A pleasant surprise party was held at Hotel Potter last Friday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Potter who, especially Mr. Potter, were thoroughly surprised in more than one way. Games were indulged in during the first part of the evening, which all enjoyed. About twelve a splendid lunch was served. About this time R. A. Douglas who was speech maker, presented Mr. and Mrs. Potter with a lovely Morris chair and Morris rocker as a slight token of the esteem in which they are held by the Lake Villa people. To say they were surprised would be putting it mildly. Every one had a delightful time and departed at a late hour. Those present were Messrs. and Mesdames Douglas, Kerr, Nicol, Nelson, Bain, Hamlin, Nader, Rowling and Barnstable, Misses Nader, Hamlin, Miller, Richards, Collins and Koepfen, Maher, Bradley, Douglas, Gullidge, Lund and Crenin, Mrs. Hughes and Mrs. Bain.

BRISTOL, WIS.

James Eddy and wife are sick.

Joseph Gray, our hardware merchant is on the sick list.

Wm. Perigo was a Salem visitor last Sunday.

Miss Emma Castle, teacher in district number three is ill with a grip.

Harvey Hockney has rented the John Hunt farm and will move on at once.

Charles Gunter, Mrs. Whitaker and daughter were Paris visitors on Sunday.

Mrs. Butrick has purchased the Dixon property and will move to the village soon.

Fred Benedict auctioned off a car load of Chicago horses at the John Hunt farm last Tuesday.

Owing to the bad roads and sickness in the community, the Literary society did not meet last Friday night.

Harvey Gaines has installed an acetylene gas plant in the Gaines property and will now have a gas light in every room.

An epidemic of La Grippe seems to have taken possession of our village and surrounding country. Several are ill some are convalescent and several have had a relapse.

The Bristol Telephone Company have made all arrangements for the extending of their system to New Munster. The poles will be set at once and soon New Munster will be connected with the rest of our country towns as well as the city of Kenosha.

Our village had a fire scare on last Saturday morning. The chimney in the Perrygo building caught fire and soon smoke was pouring from the garret and from between the shingles. Sam Fitchow, the tenant fortunately saw the smoke issuing from the house and at once cut a hole through the roof. On investigation it was found that the chimney was defective. A new chimney was built at once.

MILBURN, ILL.

Vera Worden, of Rochester, spent Sunday at home.

Wedding bells are ringing every where in this vicinity.

Mrs. Eugene Clark is reported on the sick list again.

Mr. Pollock and J. A. Strang were Chicago visitors this week.

Mr. Starkweather, of Rockford, was the guest of Mr. Pollock a few days last week.

Mr. John Roberts and James Jamieson spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. James Jamieson.

We are all very sorry to hear that Mr. George Dodge is entertaining very poor health.

Mrs. John Pollock is home to spend the spring and summer with her mother Mrs. Watson.

Quite a number from here attended the surprise party at J. A. Thain's last Friday night. An hour of games was enjoyed then refreshments were served, after which dancing was indulged in. All reported an excellent time and voted that Mr. and Mrs. Thain be charming entertainers.

GRAYS LAKE, ILL.

Pearl Fisher is visiting relatives at Kaukaue.

Master Robbie Edwards is ill with pneumonia.

Mrs. J. E. Morrill is confined to the house, with a gripe.

Geo. McNamara, of Ormsby, spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. Claud Crippen and children are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Riecke.

Geo. Wood, of Lake Bluff, spent the last of the week with J. Morrill.

Miss Badger and niece, of Wisconsin, are the guests of the Bucknam families.

The arrival at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Hurd on Thursday last a baby boy.

Mr. Donaldson and little son, of Chicago, visited over Sunday with his parents here.

W. Peeler intends building a blacksmith shop on the lot he purchased of J. Hook, Jr.

F. Eslinger, of Waukegan, moved his family onto the Al. Hendee farm south of town.

The minstrel show given on Saturday night by the Waukegan talent was good, and \$92 was taken in.

P. A. Robinson sold the house now occupied by Mr. Bucknam and the adjoining lot south to C. Rich.

Mrs. Robert Esty visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Whitehead, on Sunday. Mrs. Esty has been ill for a number of weeks with nervous prostration.

Special school election was held on Saturday night to elect a director to fill the vacancy of W. Emmons who moved away. F. Proctor received the largest number of votes.

One of Mr. Coats' little children is seriously ill with articular rheumatism and spinal trouble. Their physician, Dr. Palmer, held a council with Dr. Galloway, of

GRASS LAKE.

Mr. Joe Yopp's children are all sick with lagrippe.

Mrs. Dick, of Lake Villa was a Grass Lake caller on Thursday.

Marguerite Padlock has been under the doctor's care for the past few days.

Mrs. Charles Yopp entertained her sister from Chicago, last week.

Mrs. Huber and Mrs. Albert Herman attended the wedding of their niece, Miss Behrens, at Gurnee last week.

TREVOR, WIS.

Mr. J. Emsley's mother is very sick.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. E. Vanaalstine, March 6, 1903 a daughter.

Miss Barm, of Chicago, is visiting her friend Miss Gertrude Booth.

Mr. J. Young returned home last Saturday after visiting a week with his uncle, W. J. Shumacker.

Social Success.

Social success in America is apt to turn on how much money the candidate will spend and the tact they display in its disbursement, says the Century. In England it mostly depends on whether the newcomers are thought "amusing" or not. In France and Italy it is simply a question of creed.

More Than a Dream.

Live up to the highest that's in you.
Be true to the voice in your soul.
Let love and your better self win you.
And follow them on to the goal.
Afar in the path of Endeavor.
The temples of Happiness gleam.
They stand as a promise forever
That heaven is more than a dream.

We fall in the moments of weakness,
Borne down by the passion of sin,
Acknowledging the error with meekness
And strengthen the guard from within.
The lusts of the brute we inherit,
Must cover and shrink from the light
That flows from thy throne of the spirit
And shows us the path to the right.

I know not the kingdom immortal;
Yet feel in my innermost soul
That Death's not a wall but a portal,
Through which lies an infinite goal.
I know not the glory supernal,
Nor paths that the angels have trod;
Yet something within is eternal
And grows in the sunlight of God.

I know with the wisdom of Borrow.
The lesson I've learned by the way;
The fruits that we gather to-morrow
Are grown from the seeds of to-day.
Life's page we have blotted and checked—
No power on earth can restore,
We write an indelible record,
To blight or to bless evermore.

With voices seraphic and tender
The hosts that are calling afar;
With light that is golden in splendor
Truth shines like a mystical star.
The veil of the Silence is risen,
The banner of Hope is unfurled;
And we, through the portals of heaven,
Illumine the night of the world.

CLOVER IS HIS MASCOT.

Youth Believes Four-Leaf Variety Brings Him Luck.

Superstition seems to be connected in the minds of most people with women, ladders, rabbits' feet and horse-shoes," said the young girl at the piano. "As a matter of fact, however, I know that men are fully as superstitious as the women of my acquaintance, and sometimes more so. One young man of my acquaintance, for instance, who has literary yearnings, and who feels sure he could astonish the public with his brilliant stories if he could only get some editor to accept them, spends his summers in the country gathering inspiration, local color, and—four leaf clovers. When winter comes he returns to his hall room in the city, writes stories by the whole sale and dispatches with each consignment to the editor a four-leaf clover. Sometimes the articles are accepted and then the writer ascribes his success to the talisman. More often, however, they are returned, with the mascot in a more or less crumpled condition and he spends what leisure hours he has in trying to figure out why it is those clovers don't work every time. Never for a moment does he ascribe failure to any faults in his manuscripts. Isn't that the limit in the way of superstition?"

JUST TO GIVE CONFIDENCE.

Colored Poker Player Saving Himself From "the Double Cross."

Sam is a gentleman of color. Occasionally he takes a seat at the poker table with some of the boys, and his winning ability is a matter of wonder among the "perfers." A new recruit to the gambling ranks showed up and Sam was informed that he had a big roll.

"Wall, ah don't mind takin' a hand at de table wif de gemman wif de finance," responded the ever-willing Samuel.

"Well, he's got de dough, Sam," said his friend, "and I've got a line on him for to-night. Now, I'll tell you what we'll do. We'll take him a spin at poker and I'll deal. I'll give the moneyed guy four queens. Then I'll deal you four kings, and of course, we'll land him."

"Yas, sah, yas, sah. Ah see. Yo' gwine t' gimme fo' kings, an' g'ib de gemmen wif de money fo' queens. And den yo' gwine t' deal to yo'self."

"Sure thing."

"Yas, sah, yas, sah; I git de fo' kings—be git de fo' queens. An' yo' gwine t' deal. Ump, ump! Waal, say, I don't play cahds so much, but I wish yo'd give me a ace jes' as a sort of a confidence cahd. Jes' to gimme confidence, dat's all—Indianapolis News."

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and \$1. sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail.

Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, at the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

GOOD CUSTOMER OF FRANCE.

England Makes Heavy Purchases from Her Old-Time Foe.

Jean Finot, editor of the Revue des Revues, recently put the relations between France and England in a most striking fashion. He said:

"Great Britain deserves the name of the richest and most important of French colonies. France is so bound up with her fate that the disappearance of England's economic power would cause her incalculable mischief. Our total exports in 1901 were only 4,155,000,000 francs, of which England took 1,264,000,000 francs, or more than 30 per cent of all the merchandise which we cast on the world's market. But even of more importance is the fact that the amount of English purchases in France is constantly growing. From 1,032,000,000 francs in 1896 it rose to 1,132,000,000 francs in 1897, to 1,238,000,000 francs in 1898, and to 1,264,000,000 francs in 1901, thus showing an increase of 232,000,000 francs, or over 22 per cent in five years. Now the purchases from the mother country of all the French colonies, including Algeria, 259,000,000 francs, and Tunis, about 34,000,000 francs, together with those scattered all over the world, about 183,000,000 francs, did not amount in 1900 to more than 476,000,000 francs. Besides this colossal amount of purchases, the English yearly spend considerable sums in France. The money left in our country by Englishmen visiting Paris or their favorite resorts is commonly estimated at 500,000,000 francs, thus making 1,800,000,000 francs as the formidable total yearly paid by England to France."

Insurance for Aeronauts.

A French insurance company has offered to issue policies to aeronauts, a premium of 10c. securing a payment of \$200 in case of death and \$50 a day until recovery in the event of disablement.

Origin of Mortgages.

Ninety-five per cent of mortgages, as shown by the census, are made in order to increase the original holding of property or to raise money for business operations, and but 5 per cent are because of threatened disaster.

AN ODD ODD FELLOW.

Paid to Learn the Signs and Was Kicked Down Stairs.

"Of all the mean swindles I ever observed," said an Odd Fellow, "the meanest was one down in Texas a couple of years ago. I was living there at that time, and one of my neighbors was a little German saloon-keeper. He wanted to join our order the worst way, but he didn't like putting up the initiation fee.

"One day while the little fellow was dealing out beer in his place a seedy-looking individual entered and asked him if he was an Odd Fellow. The saloon man said he wasn't, and then the seedy-looking chap offered to tell him of all the inner workings of the order for \$5.

"You look like a pretty good fellow," said the visitor, and as long as I don't attend lodge meetings very much any more, I'll give you the grip and all of the secret passwords, so that you can attend the next session held here."

"The saloonkeeper put up the five, and the seedy-looking man explained a queer grip to him and told him of all sorts of queer motions to make with his hands as soon as he entered the lodge hall.

"Well, on our next meeting night up came the little German. When the doorkeeper stopped him he grabbed his hand and began going through all sorts of antics. Then he put his thumbs to his ears and began wiggling his fingers.

"At this stage in the proceedings the doorkeeper threw him down stairs. When he learned how he had been swindled he swore out a 'John Doe' warrant for the arrest of the man who taught him the 'signs,' but that individual never appeared in town again."

NOT ALWAYS PLAYING CARDS.

Brother of Congressman Gillett Had Another Occupation.

Secretary of the Navy Moody, a bachelor, occupies a house in K street just around the corner from the Cochran, where "Uncle Joe" Cannon lives, the latter being a widower. With Mr. Moody resides Representative Frederick Gillett of Springfield, Mass., also a bachelor. The three are on neighborly terms.

"Uncle Joe" looked out of the window of his corner room in the hotel a few evenings ago, when it was rainy and dreary in Washington, to see if there was a light in the window at Secretary Moody's. There was, and he hied himself over, but found the secretary and Mr. Gillett at dinner, having with them Mr. Gillett's brother and another visitor from Boston. "Uncle Joe" picked up a pack of cards and passed his waiting time in playing solitaire. Presently the dinner party came out and the visiting Mr. Gillett played interest in Mr. Cannon's playing.

"Ah, ha," said Uncle Joe, "I know you. Regular card eye and card sense. I understand there is another brother of you handy at the game, too. Should hate to buck up against you three in a game of draw."

Next day, in the capitol, Mr. Cannon remarked to Representative Gillett: "I say, Fred, I'd like to sit in a game with that brother of yours. Does he do anything else but play cards?"

"Oh, yes," was the reply, "when he isn't playing cards he's a professor of theology at Harvard."—Washington Correspondence New York Herald.

FLOYD LIVINGSTON

S. N. U. No. 11-1903

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Lv. Chicago, 8:30 AM. Ar. Antioch, 10:30 AM.
Lv. Chicago, 1:30 PM. Ar. Antioch, 3:30 PM.
Lv. Chicago, 7:30 PM. Ar. Antioch, 9:30 PM.

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Lv. Antioch, 7:15 AM. Ar. Chicago, 9:15 AM.
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LOTUS CAMP, No. 567 J. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting neighbors always welcome. W. R. WILLIAMS, W. C. C. W. C. CONFER, Clerk.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome. L. M. HUGHES, Sec. E. L. SIMONS, W. M.

IRVING DISTRICT COURT, No. 517 meets the first and third Saturday night in every month, at the Woodmen hall.
WALLACE E. DIXON, Chancellor.
JAMES S. GERRARD, Recorder.

Need of the Century.

Professor Mason of the Smithsonian Institution, says that the most needed achievement of 1903 is the discovery of a satisfactory method of economizing electricity. Some day, he says, in the not distant future, the rivers will make all the electricity we want. We shall harness the streams, and they will heat every house, run every wheel and light every lamp.

SEVERE ATTACK OF GRIP

Cured By One Bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

When I had an attack of the grip last winter (the second one) I actually cured myself with one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says Frank W. Perry, Editor of the Enterprise, Shortsville, N. Y. This is the honest truth. I at times kept from coughing myself to pieces by taking a teaspoonful of this remedy, and when the coughing spell would come on at night I would take a dose and it seemed that in the briefest interval the coughing spell would pass off. I would be free from cough and its accompanying pains. To say that the remedy acted as a most agreeable surprise is putting it very mildly. I had no idea that it would or could knock out the grip, simply because I had never tried it for such a purpose, but it did, and it seemed with the second attack of coughing the remedy caused it to not only be of less duration, but the pains were far less severe. I had not used the contents of one bottle before Mr. Grip had bid me adieu. For sale by all druggists.

A Costly Pup.

Charles T. Barney, president of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, has as a companion and friend a blue-blooded French bulldog with a very handsome brindled coat, which attracts the attention of all who know anything about dogs, says the New York Times.

"Nice dog, eh?" remarked the banker the other day as a stranger patted the brute and commented on its beauty. "Cost me \$4,000, though," he added.

"Yes," he explained in reply to an incredulous raising of eyebrows, "I sold a piece of property for \$400,000 for a friend and got my commission—that pup."

The Stomach is the Man.

A weak stomach weakens the man, because it can't transform the food he eats into nourishment. Health and strength cannot be restored to any sick man or woman without first restoring health and strength to the stomach. A weak stomach cannot digest enough food to feed the tissues and revive the tired and run down limbs and organs of the body. Kodol dyspepsia Cure cleanses, purifies, sweetens and strengthens the glands and membranes of the stomach, and cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. W. T. Hill.

Whitewashing a Statesman.

Once upon a time there was a politician who, through the judicious dispensing of favors, had drawn to himself many friends, with whom he formed a strong combination for mutual profit.

Finally the politician was detected in irregular conduct, and his friends insisted on a thorough and searching examination by a committee of their own appointing. When the committee made its final report the politician was exonerated and highly commended for his conduct.

Then, feeling more firmly entrenched than before, the politician and his friends added very materially to their mutual profits.

Moral—Politicians are not always as white as they are whitewashed.

British Wives in Demand.

Australia could do with 200,000 British wives, Canada with 90,000 and the Cape with 30,000. There are said to be nearly 1,000,000 too many women in the British Empire.

Asthma

"One of my daughters had a terrible case of asthma. We tried almost everything, but without relief. We then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and three and one-half bottles cured her."—Emma Jane Entsminger, LaGrange, O.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral certainly cures many cases of asthma.

And it cures bronchitis, hoarseness, weak lungs, whooping-cough, croup, winter coughs, night coughs, and hard colds.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor, if he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Bound to Have His Kick.

H. O. Havemeyer, who, it is reported, will retire from the presidency of the sugar trust on account of poor health, is at times extremely nervous, so that the least noise jars upon him. Mr. Havemeyer's butler, while serving dinner one evening not long ago, dropped a tray of crockery. A tremendous crash, of course, followed.

"I suppose you have broken all the plates," said Mr. Havemeyer.

"No, sir, not one, sir," replied the butler.

"Then you have made all that noise for nothing, eh?" said the sugar magnate, testily.

Such Is Life.

Farmer Hayrix (looking over paper)—"Skinner, the druggist, is closing out his entire stock of patent medicines at half-price."

Mrs. Hayrix—"That's just our posky luck! They ain't a thing the matter with any uv the hull fambly."

What's IN A Name?

Everything is in the name when it comes with Hazel Salve. E. C. DeWitt & Co. of Chicago, discovered some years ago, how to make a salve from Hazel that is a specific for piles. For blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, eczema, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin diseases, DeWitt's salve has no equal. This has given rise to numerous counterfeits. Ask for DeWitt's—the genuine. W. T. Hill.

Had Been Looking for Him.

Col. Church of the Army and Navy Journal tells a story of the days when the people lavishly welcomed home the heroes of the Spanish-American war. At that time a big man who had been behind a Broadway car was riding up town on a Broadway car. Seated next to the sailor was an important looking individual, who, in the way of introduction and with evident pride, said:

"I am a sailor man myself in a way, but not exactly of the navy. You see, I am the man who supplied the cheese you had on your battleships."

"You are, are you?" queried the sailor or man as he struck him a blow that knocked his neighbor clear across the car. "And now," he asked, "will you tell me where I can find the man who supplied us with our butter?"—New York Times.

The best pill neat the stars and stripes; It cleanses the system and never grips; Little Early Risers of worldly repute— Ask for DeWitt's and take no substitute.

A small pill easy to buy, easy to take and easy to act, but never failing in results. DeWitt's Little Early Risers arouse the secretions and act as a tonic to the liver, curing permanently. W. T. Hill.

Foolish Fears.

It seems to us that some of the college presidents are permitting their apprehensiveness to get the better of them when they express the fact that the colleges will be studentless in a few years unless the graduates raise families and send their boys to alma mater. It is easy to demonstrate that any healthy boy can be taught a class in fifteen minutes, if proper patience and ingenuity are exercised.

Not So Dull.

"John," who lives in a Pennsylvania village, was thought to be very stupid. He was sent to a mill one day and the miller said: "John, some people say you are a fool. Now, tell me what you know, and what you don't know." "Well," replied John, "I know millers' boys are fat." "Yes, that's well, John. Now what don't you know?" "I don't know whose corn fats 'em!"

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For ulcers, wounds, and piles it is the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by W. T. Hill druggist.

The Tyrant Man Analyzed. What is man? Man that is born of woman is small cabbages and few in a patch. In infancy he is full of colic, paragonic and catnip tea, and in old age he is full of cuss words and rheumatism.

When a woman attends church service she takes on an air of piety that is exceedingly becoming.

TOLD BY THE MUSTACHE.

Reading Character by Man's Lip Adornment.

Women who wish to know the character of their men friends should, if they wear a mustache, observe them closely.

As the form of the upper lip and the regions about it have largely to do with the feelings—pride, self-reliance, manliness, vanity and other qualities that give self-control, the mustache is connected with the expression of those qualities or the reverse.

When the mustache is ragged and, as it were, flying hither and thither, there is a lack of self-control. When it is straight and orderly, the reverse is the case. Other things, of course, taken into account.

If there is a tendency to curl at the outer ends of the mustache, there is a tendency to ambition, vanity and display.

When the curl turns upward there is generally, combined with a love of approbation. When the inclination is downward, there is a more sedate turn of mind, not unaccompanied with gloom.

It is worthy of remark that good natured men, living with the mustache, invariably give it an upward inclination, whereas cross-grained or morose men will pull it obliquely downward.—Stray Stories.

Cures Blood Poison, Cancer, Ulcers.

If you have offensive pimples, or eruptions, ulcers on any part of the body, aching bones or joints, falling hair, mucous patches, swollen glands, skin itches and burns, sore lips or gums, eating, festering sores, sharp gnawing pains, then you suffer from serious blood poison or the beginning of deadly cancer. You may be permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) made especially to cure the worst blood and skin diseases. Heals every sore or ulcer, even deadly cancer, stops all aches and pains and reduces all swellings. Botanic Blood Balm cures all malignant blood troubles such as eczema, scabs and scales, pimples, running sores, carbuncles, scrofula. Druggists, \$1. To prove it cures, sample of Blood Balm sent free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice sent in sealed letter. No 3—45yl

Millennium in Gotham.

Well, well, it now appears that New York is belled. A Buffalo man, with the significant name of Reuben, bought some theater seats in that city and immediately proceeded to lose them. Nevertheless he told his wife to prepare to leave her cozy quarters in the Waldorf, since "the tickets will surely be found and returned to the box office, as everyone is good in New York now." Are you prepared to laugh? The Buffalo man went to the box office and asked if anyone had left tickets for him. "Here they are," said the box-office man. "A gentleman found them on the street and brought them in." Could such a thing happen in Boston?—Boston Home Journal.

The Wisconsin Central Railway.

Offers up-to-date transportation facilities to Chicago and all points east and south, as well as to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland, Duluth and the great Northwest. Pullman Sleepers, dining and cafe cars and modern coaches make up the equipment. Agent can give you complete information. Jas. O. Pond, Gen. Pass. Ag't.

Depew Tells Old Joke.

A visitor in Washington heard Senator Depew deliver a speech the other day. The New York statesman made a joke about pressing the hand of a fair Mormon widow, the widow numbering seventeen. The remark provoked a good deal of laughter, but it sounded familiar to the man in the gallery. Later he found that Mr. Depew had borrowed the joke from a skit written by Ariemus Ward some forty or fifty years ago.

Danger of Colds and Grip.

The greatest danger of colds and grip is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for these diseases we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a preventative of that dangerous disease. It will cure a cold or an attack of the grip in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all druggists.

Can Not See the Joke.

The Tennessee legislature recently passed a bill to prohibit kissing among unmarried persons between the ages of sixteen and forty-five. The bill was introduced by Representative Barnes of Lauderdale county. Before it passed it was so amended as to apply only to Mr. Barnes. Now the author is trying to get the governor to veto it.

Degrees of Intoxication.

The ancient problem, "When is a man drunk?" is still up for discussion. Some conservative people claim that he must be able to say "Shoes and socks shock Susan" with fluency and accuracy to prove his sobriety. A more liberal view is that no man is drunk who is able to lie on the floor without holding on.

WHAT THE WORLD NEEDS.

Chances for Ingenious Inventors to Make Much Money.

Have you an inventive mind? If so, you have a fortune in your head. If you only know how to get it out—Here's your chance. Here are thirteen things the world needs, for either one of which it will pay you a fortune:

- A wall-papering machine.
- A quick-acting monkey-wrench.
- A rail joint without nuts and bolts.
- A scrubbing machine.
- A cuspidor that will not spill when upset.
- A trolley that will not come off the wire.
- An oil can that will not explode.
- A quick fire-hose coupling without screw threads.
- Combination ironing-board and step-ladder.
- A music leaf turner.
- A window lock and burglar alarm.
- An envelope that cannot be opened without detection.
- A simple nut lock.

A Remarkable Case.

One of the most remarkable cases of a cold, deep-seated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. Gertrude F. Fenner, Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says: The coughing and straining so weakened me that I run down in weight from 145 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful medicine cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength."—W. T. Hill.

Coal Instead of Coin.

The young people of Westchester, a suburb of New York, have formed what they call the Anti-Coal Trust Club. Their first public entertainment is about to be given and the price of admission has been fixed at one pound of anthracite coal, the patron not being restricted to that amount, of course, it being merely the minimum weight.

Cause for Alarm.

Lord Charles Beresford was talking to some members of the Old Guard at the bull last Monday night, and the conversation drifted to the subject of fashionable weddings, says the New York Times. Lord Charles said he had attended one a few weeks before he sailed for New York, and as he followed the bridal party down the church steps he heard a woman standing on the sidewalk say, "The bride has a tremendous trousseau; it's the talk of the town."

Grip Remedies in Great Demand.

When colds and grip are prevalent the quickest and surest remedies are in demand. Mr. Joseph D. Williams, of McDuff, Va., says he was cured of a deep and lasting attack of grippe by using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy after trying several other preparations with no effect. For sale by all druggists.

Partial Abstainers.

A new temperance movement has been inaugurated by a London minister. The adherents to this movement will give a solemn undertaking never to take intoxicating drinks except at the midday and evening meals. There must be no nipping between meals, a practice that is condemned by doctors as the most mischievous of all alcoholic excesses.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work night and day curing indigestion, biliousness, constipation, sick headache and all stomach liver and bowel troubles. Easy pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25 cents at W. T. Hill's drug store.

Widow of Well-Known Author. Mrs. Smith, widow of Dr. S. F. Smith, the author of "America," was 90 years old last Sunday. She is the granddaughter of Dr. Ezekiel Smith, who for six years was brigade chaplain in the continental army during the revolution and a warm personal friend of Washington. For over forty years she has been a resident of Newton, Mass.

Incentive for Applause.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon made a speech in the house the other day and told the members how he was going to put in an item to build a \$6,000,000 office building for them. Every statement he made was cheered and applauded by the Republicans. "Go it, boys!" shouted Representative Shattuck of Ohio. "The one making the most noise gets a chairmanship next year."

Brain-Food Nonsense.

Another ridiculous food fad has been branded by the most competent authorities. They have dispelled the silly notion that one kind of food is needed for brain, another for muscles, and still another for bones. A correct diet will not only nourish a particular part of the body, but it will sustain every other part. Yet, however good your food may be, its nutriment is destroyed by indigestion or dyspepsia. You must be prepared for their appearance or prevent their coming by taking regular doses of Green's August Flower, the favorite medicine of the healthy millions. A few doses aid digestion, stimulates the liver to healthy action, purifies the blood, and makes you feel buoyant and vigorous. You can get this reliable remedy at Hill's Drug Store. Price 25c and 75c.

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PEARSON'S MAGAZINE

Here are a few of the features now running or soon to appear. Their titles and authors speak for themselves and insure interesting reading:
The Plebeians—A Romance of Regency, by GEORGE HERBERT and WILL IRVING.
Sir Henry Morgan—Buccannor, by CURTIS TOWNSEND BRADY.
True Political Stories—Include "The Plot to Kidnap Lincoln and Jackson's Quarrel with Calhoun," by EDWARD WALLACE BROWN.
People You Know—Reverend in Colors, by HENRY JAMES WENDELL; My First Graduate, by GEORGE ROBERTSON; AFRICAN IN CYPRUS; Tom Nank—Last words by ALBERT DUNLOP FAIRBANK.
Startling Disclosures of European Courts—These sensational revelations of an international spy show look of the Dreyfus Mystery; The Peace Rescript of the Czar; How Kaiser Wilhelm King Humboldt; The Late Greek-Turkish War.
Mainly About Women—Reviewing each month what woman has accomplished in her life.
Joromo vs. Crime—The thrilling story of a New York Attorney William Joromo has undertaken, single handed, the desperate task of ridding New York City of the vice and crime, will create a far-reaching sensation. It is not only the story of a man's life, but of the city of New York. The first part will appear in April. PEARSON'S, out March 15th, while the two remaining installments will appear in the issues of May and June.

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The Maid of Malde Loo, A. E. Barr. The Making of a Marchioness, Frances Hodgson Burnett. The Methods of Lady Waldenbury, Frances Hodgson Burnett. The World's End, Anthony Hope. The Wages of Sin, Lucas Malet. The Wages of Sin, Lucas Malet. The Wages of Sin, Lucas Malet. The Wages of Sin, Lucas Malet.

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ALL CLOTH BOUND

A War Time Wedding, Capt. Chas. King. The Seal of Lillith, Mabel Cerrill. The Servants of Satan, The Prisoner of Zenda, Anthony Hope. A Lady of Quality, Frances Hodgson Burnett. In Connection with the De Witts, William F. Mervin. The Black Douglas, S. B. Crockett. The Good Red Earth, Eden Philpott. The Blackwoodman, H. A. Stanley. The Lady of Castile, Josefine Cheslake.

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Pearson's cost to you a copy of each of these books. The price is never cut without permission. We will mail you a prospectus free upon application. Subscribe now and enjoy all these good things.

PEARSON PUBLISHING COMPANY, 30 Astor Place, New York City

Fatalism of Indians. In his childhood days Senator Morgan of Alabama, played a great deal with the children of Cherokee braves. While making a speech about Indians in the senate last week he told in simple but most affecting fashion how he and Arkechee, one of his red-skinned playmates, went blackberrying. The Indian boy was bitten by a rattlesnake and died. None of the Indians thought the reptile hated Arkechee, who was bitten, they declared, because the Great Spirit wanted him.

Tragedy Averted. Just in the nick of time our little boy was saved, writes Mrs. W. Watkins of Pleasant City Ohio. Pneumonia had played sad havoc with him and a terrible cough set in besides. Doctors treated him but he grew worse every day. At length we tried Dr. King's New discovery for Consumption, and our darling was saved. He is now sound and well. Everybody ought to know its the only sure cure for coughs colds and all lung diseases. Guaranteed by W. T. Hill druggist. Price 50c and 81. Trial bottles free.

Care of Bunker Hill Monument. A proposition to turn over the custody of Bunker Hill monument from the Monument association to the state of Massachusetts has been lately considered by the judiciary committee of that state, but it found few advocates in its favor. The care of the monument is now largely provided for by fees, which could not be charged if it should be state property.

More Riots. Disturbances of strikers are not nearly as grave as an individual disorder of the system. Overwork, loss of sleep, nervous tension will be followed by utter collapse, unless a reliable remedy is immediately employed. There is nothing so efficient to cure disorders of the liver or kidneys as Electric Bitters. Its a wonderful tonic and effective nerve and the greatest all around medicine for run down systems. It dispels nervousness, Rheumatism and neuralgia and expels malarial germs. Only 50c and satisfaction guaranteed by W. T. Hill druggist.

Many Languages Spoken. Probably the most cosmopolitan city in the world is Singapore, where the British Bible society sells the scriptures in seventy-five languages. Nearly forty languages and dialects are spoken among the 600 boys of the Anglo-Chinese college in that city.

Mulattoes as Authors. An assistant in the Congressional Library finds that 2,200 books therein are written by colored persons. The authors are nearly all mulattoes, the straight blacks having done almost nothing.

Executions to Be Private. Sheriff Dickmann of St. Louis has refused to issue permits to citizens to witness executions in the fall of that city and hereafter all executions will be conducted in private, only the number of persons required by law to be present being permitted within the jail precincts on such occasions.

An Atom of Hydrogen. The size of the atom of hydrogen is now calculated to be the 286 millionth part of an inch in diameter.